THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantitv

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

Port Almanac—December 11.

Sun Rises	7.00 A M
Sun Sets	4.46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 46 m
High Water at Southport	3 02 P M
High Water at Wilmington	4 49 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 38°; 8 p. m., 32° maximum, 39°; minimum, 32°; mean 36°.

Rainfall for the day .53; rainfall for the month up to date, .60.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair during Wednesday; slightly warmer by Wednesday evening; northerly winds.

The barometer has fallen rapidly over the Central valleys and on the Middle and South Atlantic coasts. A storm of great energy is central near Hatteras, and high northerly winds are reported from South New England and the Middle Atlantic coast.

The weather continues fair, except in the South Atlantic States and northern portion of the Lake region, where rain or snow has prevailed. It is colder in the South Atlantic States and Virginia, and warmer in other districts.

The weather will continue fair from the Gulf coast northward to the Ohio valley, with warmer southerly winds.

The storm central near Hatteras will move northeastward, causing dangerous gales on the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts.

OUTLINES

In the Senate a memorial was presented from colored men of Massachusetts for legislation to prevent the lynching of colored men in the South; a resolution was offered declaring that humanity and religion demand the suppression of the cruelties and massacres inflicted on the Armenian subjects of Turkey. The House was engaged in the consideration of resolutions in reference to speeches made in England and Scotland by Hon. T. F. Bayard, Ambassador to Great Britain. —— The Sultan of Turkey has been notified that the Powers had resolved to insist upon the admission of additional guard ships through the Dardanelles. —— The Duckworth Club of Cincinnatti, a Democratic organization, resolve to volunteer in the event of trouble with Great Britain. —— The American Federation of Labor passed a resolution denouncing Secretary Carlisle for allowing the eight-hour law to be violated in the departments of the Treasury service. —— The Department of Agriculture estimates the cotton crop at 6,375,000 bales. —— John Lyda, an escaped convict from the State penitentiary, was captured and lodged in jail after a desperate resistance. —— The Republican National Convention will be held in St. Louis, Mo., on the 10th of next June. —— A large gathering is expected today at the Atlanta Exposition from Tennessee, Florida and Texas. —— President Cleveland is having a rough time on his ducking expedition near Hatteras on account of the stormy weather. —— The Southern Freight Rates Association is in session at Richmond, Va. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 1½@2½ per cent.; last loan at 2, and closing offered at 2; cotton steady—middling gulf 8 11 16c; middling 8 9 16c; Southern flour quiet and steady—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3.00; wheat—spot lower, more active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70½@70⅝c; afloat 71¾@72c; corn easier and fairly active; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36 cents; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27½@27½c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.70@1.75.

Perhaps the Boston banker who sent his runaway wife a check for $100,000 was glad to that amount.

The new chaplin of the House of Representatives is said not to believe in a hell. After he has served longer in his present position he may change his belief. They have that kind of a time in the House sometimes.

The editor of the Augusta *Chronicle* rises to inform the man who sent him a pamphlet entitled "How to Use Silver," that if he will send him another pamphlet telling how to get silver, he will use it without any instructions whatever, and do it effectively, too.

It doesn't follow because Kentucky has gone Republican that the patriotism of the people has played out. Up to this time, and all the precincts have not reported yet, 5,000 citizens have volunteered to hold the various offices in the gift of the Governor.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 68. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,927

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

A wealthy old lady of La Porte, Ind., aged 74, got tired living single and advertised that she would pay some nice young man $20,000 to marry her. The nice young man was forthcoming, and her relatives to stop the proceedings tried to have the old lady declared insane. But the jury of lunacy concluded that wanting a husband was no evidence of insanity and decided that she was sane. To prevent further annoyance by relatives she eloped with the young man to an adjoining town where they were married, and she handed over the $20,000 check. When a woman makes up her mind to do something she generally does it.

The cheek of the average Republican editor is superb. The following from the New York *Commercial Advertiser* is a sample: "If the Republican leaders oppose the financial suggestions of the President's message it is not because they are opposed to the earliest relief of the Treasury. It happens that they have a sure means of doing that by increasing the revenues." And pray how are they going to do that without doctoring up the tariff in a way that they can't doctor it?

A Georgia woman has contrived a very cunning device to prevent being annoyed by her husband's snoring. She has a mask fitted up with a tube attachment, which passes through a hole in the floor into the basement, and when hubby starts the octave she slips the mask over his face, dexterously secures it, and then goes off into dreamland herself, while the rats in the basement scamper away from the approaching cyclone.

The New York *Advertiser*, Rep. is mad because President Cleveland devoted fifty lines of his message to the lynching of Italians in Colorado and didn't say a word about "lynching colored men in the South," and asks "why this discrimination?" Why, the colored men are not our "foreign relations." They are some of the "wards" of the Republican party, sometimes referred to as "wards of the nation."

By a slip of the pencil we wrote Brunswick intsead of Columbus in the heading to Dr. Porter's communication, which appeared yesterday, and overlooked it in the proof-reading.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A PREMPERT—Eggs.
NOTICE—$50.00 reward.
OPERA HOUSE—Mabel Paige.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Judge Meares will hold court in Lumberton next week.

— Local forecast: Fair Wednesday; slight changes in temperature; fresh northwesterly winds.

— Chief of Police Melton is sick, confined to his room, and Sergeant Robt. Green is acting as chief.

— The farmers along the river have large quantities of corn to sell, but the price is so low that it cannot be marketed.

— There was 2.3 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Monday at 8 a. m.; a fall of two-tenths of a foot in the previous 24 hours.

— Prof. Sebastian Fina's company of musicians has been engaged by the clubs to furnish music for the germans to be given this season.

— The steamers *Murchison* and *Hurt* are running a regular schedule on the river now between Fayetteville and Wilmington, and carrying large freights.

— The schooner *Ella G. Ells* cleared yesterday for Jacmel, Hayti, with 143,869 feet lumber and 6,000 shingles, shipped by Messrs. Jas. H. Chadbourn & Co.

— The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary, Y. M. C. A., will be held to-morrow at 4 o'clock. The New Year's reception will be the chief topic of interest.

— The city authorities, through Alderman W. C. VonGlahn, chairman of the Fire Committee, offer a reward of fifty dollars for information that will lead to the arrest of the person or persons who turned in the false alarms of fire yesterday morning.

Funeral of the Late Dr. Shackelford.

Funeral services over the remains of the late Dr. George Shackelford were held yesterday morning at 10 30 o'clock in St. James Church by Rev. Robert Strange, D.D. The pall bearers were Messrs. W. A. Williams, Jno. E. Crow, John A. Arrington, Gabriel Holmes, J. D. Nutt, J. I. Metts, James C. Munds. The remains were interred in Oakdale cemetery.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. E. Royal, of Clinton, is in the city on a business visit.

— Mr. C. D. Jackson, of Moultrie, Ga., is in the city, at The Purcell.

— Mr. Jeff. D. Sessoms, of Stedman, N. C., is in the city on business.

— Mr. J. W. Dawson, of Jacksonville, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Miller, of St. Louis, Mo., was a guest at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. D. N. Black and son, Robert E., were visitors at the STAR office yesterday.

— Messrs. Frank P. Grain and John J. Roberts, of New York, were at The Purcell yesterday.

— Messrs. Ike Hirchberg and Lloyd T. Jones, of Baltimore, was registered at The Purcell yesterdty.

— Mr. Thos. L. Leonard, who has been visiting relatives in the city, left last night for his home at Kelly's Cove.

— Messrs. J. A. Westbrook, Mt. Olive; K. R. Murrell, Florence; Wm. E. Neal, N. C.; D. M. Tedder, Charlotte, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— The arrivals at the Orton yesterday were Messrs. W. H. French, Rocky Point; Ransom Gray, Wade H. Harris, Charlotte; G. F. Covell, New York; C. A. Durham, Marion; J Schwitzer, Harlem; P. Rothchilds, Chicago; N. L. Mayer, Philadelphia; Col. S. B. Taylor, Catherine Lake; J. W. Rabe, Philadelphia; W. W. Smith, N. C.; Arthur White, Mebane; F. M. McKoy, J. McK. Byrd, Lillington, N. C.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—214 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—700 bales cotton, 80 casks spirits turpentine, 153 bbls rosin, 41 bbls tar, 28 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—117 bales cotton, 41 casks spirits turpentine, 171 bbls rosin, 60 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—29 bales cotton, 48 casks spirits turpentine, 27 bbls rosin, 58 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—6 bales cotton, 80 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer D. Murchison—112 bales cotton, 152 bbls rosin, 73 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,178 bales; spirits turpentine, 119 casks; rosin, 508 bbls; tar, 262 bbls; crude turpentine, 51 bbls.

City Court—A Bicyclist Fined for Reckless Riding.

H. Nichols, colored, was fined ten dollars and costs in the City Court yesterday for fast and reckless riding on a bicycle and doing bodily injury to Mrs. George Heyer. The testimony showed that at five o'clock Monday afternoon Nichols was riding down Market street very rapidly, and in attempting to clear a street car crossing Market at Front street, he ran against and knocked down Mrs. Heyer, who was standing on the crossing waiting for the car. Mrs. Heyer was painfully bruised and narrowly escaped falling under the wheels of the approaching car. Mayor Harriss adjudged that the accident was due to Nichol's recklessness.

Royal Arcanum.

Cornelius Harnett Council No. 281, at its regular meeting held Monday night, elected the following officers for the ensuing term:

Regent—B. J. Jacobs.
Vice Regent—Sol Sternberger, Jr.
Orator—I. J. Bear.
Secretary—John Cowan.
Collector—Jacob Weil.
Treasurer—I. L. Greenewald.
Chaplain—A. L. DeRosset.
Guide—W. G. Farmer.
Warden—Joseph Sternberger.
Sentry—Aaron Silverman.
Trustees—Roger Moore, S. J. Bear and George Sloan.

Representatives to Grand Council—Rev. S. Mendelsohn, D. D.; alternate, J. L. Greenewald.

Sale of Bank Property.

The auction sale of real estate, property of the First National bank, (by order of the receiver, Mr. A. G. Ricaud, was held yesterday, but the attendance was small and after some twelve or fifteen pieces had been sold, at very low figures, the sale was stopped, the receiver deciding not to sell any more by auction, but to dispose of it privately if possible. The auction was in Messrs. Cronly & Morris' sales room on Princess street.

Public Meeting at the Produce Exchange To-day.

The members of the Chamber of Commerce and citizens generally are invited to attend a meeting of the Produce Exchange, to be be held at 11 o'clock a. m. today at the Exchange. The purpose of the meeting is to take action as to the proposed extension of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and other important matters.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

DR. HOGE'S ANNIVERSARY.

Reception Given by Ladies of the First Presbyterian Church.

The reception given last night by the ladies of the First Presbyterian Church at Abbie Chadbourn Memorial hall to Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., and wife, in commemoration of the tenth anniversary of Dr. Hoge's pastorate, was attended by by a large number of people, not only members of the congregation of the First Church, but others in the community by whom Dr. Hoge is held in great esteem. Among the visitors were Rev. Dr. Strange, rector of St. James' Church; Rev. W. B. Olivor, pastor of the First Baptist Church; Rev. A. D. McClure, and Rev. R. E. Wallace.

The visitors were graciously received by Dr. Hoge and Mrs. Hoge, assisted by the ladies' reception committee—Mrs. D. G. Worth, Mrs. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Mrs. R. W. Gibson, Mrs. C. E. Borden, Mrs. R. W. Hicks, Mrs. A. J. Howell, Jr., Mrs. P. Pearsall, Mrs. Walker Taylor, Mrs. D. E. Winstead and Mrs. W. M. Cumming.

Refreshments were served the visitors, and a case of silverware, candelabra, and a handsome clock, were presented to Dr. Hoge and wife by friends, through Mr. C. H. Robinson. A highly ornamented cake, the gift of Mrs. G. E. Perrin, was also among the gifts.

The occasion was one that will long be remembered by all present and was a touching manifestation of the love of the people of the First Church for their pastor and his estimable wife.

OPERA HOUSE.

"La Belle Marguerite" by Mabel Paige's Company.

Mabel Paige and her jolly company gave another of their excellent performances at the Opera House last night. The piece presented was Anderson Russell's beautiful operetta, "La Belle Marguerite." Miss Paige, in the role of *Marguerite*, was all that could be desired. Her support embraces the very best of artists, such as Oscar Sisson, George Gale, Jas. Thatcher, Josephine Florence Shepherd and others.

Mr. E. H. O'Connor, as *Pierre Patrin*, is a comedian far above the average. Monday night's comedy was presented last night; but in both comedy and opera Miss Paige and her company were equally strong.

At the matinee at 2 30 this afternoon "La Belle Marguerite" will be presented; to-night the comedy "The Other Girl." Prices for the matinee, children 15 cents, adults 25 cents. The box sheet for to-night's performance will be open this morning at Yates' bookstore.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Wright.

The funeral of Mrs. Eliza Ann Wright, relict of the late Wm. A. Wright, Esq., took place yesterday afternoon at half-past three o'clock from St. James' church, Rev. Dr. Strange, the rector, conducting the services. The pall bearers were Judge O. P. Meares, Dr. R. D. Jewett, Col. A. M. Waddell, Col. T. C. McIlhenny, Mr. Thomas Evans, Dr. W. W. Lane, Mr. George P. Kidder and Col. W. L. DeRosset.

After the services at the church the remains were followed to their last resting place in Oakdale cemetery by many sorrowing relatives and friends.

The deceased lady was held in the highest respect and veneration in this city, where she had passed her long life of eighty-two years. She leaves one child, Mr. W. A. Wright, of this city, and numerous other relatives, by whom she was greatly beloved. For many years she had been a consistent member of St. James' Episcopal Church, and was an exemplary Christian woman.

Off for Stump Sound.

Capt. Wade H. Harris, city editor of the Charlotte *News*, and Mr. Ransom Grey arrived here yesterday morning on the night flyer of the Karolina Sentral. They visited the STAR office and there unfolded their plans. They are bound for the poetic precincts of Stump Sound, where they will spend three days (if "luck" is good) trying to beat the Presidential record in killing ducks and eating oysters. These Nimrods are "armed to the teeth," speaking after the manner of men, and they go to a duck range where they can easily expend a cartload of ammunition. Whether or not they will bring back a cartload of game "remains to be seen," as Shakespeare beautifully expresses it. True to his journalistic instincts, Wade must have something good to read all the time; so he ordered the STAR sent to his address during his sojourn at Stump Sound.

Congratulations to William.

The Chapel Hill *Tar-Heel* has this to say of a talented young Wilmingtonian: "Mr. Wm. R. Kenan has accepted a position with the Westinghouse Electric Company. He will be located at Niagara Falls, where the company has extensive electric works. His many friends over the State will regret to to hear that he will leave the State. He will assume the duties of his position on January 5th, 1896."

And the Raleigh *News and Observer* supplements the foregoing with the following comment: "The tide is changing; Heretofore when any portion of the South wanted an electrical expert, it was necessary to send North for him. After graduating at the university and becoming assistant professor, Mr. Kenan pursued his studies in electricity and kindred subjects and assisted Professor Gore in installing and operating the electric plant at Chapel Hill. His trained mind made it easy for him to master the practical in electricity as he had done the theoretical."

The Last Day's of the Confederacy.

December 31st, the date set for Gen. Gordon's address on "The Last Days of the Confederacy," is drawing near and efforts are being made to make it a notable event. The Association of Confederate Veterans has been invited to attend in a body and at reduced rates, as the event is thought to be of special interest to every man who wore the gray. The same courtesy has also been extended the military and the Second Regiment Band has partially promised to attend as an escort of honor to the illustrious speaker.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

STORMY WEATHER AT THE CAPITAL.

An Approaching Matrimonial Event—United States District Court—Jails Overflowing with Prisoners—Governor's Council—The Late Dr. Durham's Successor on the Sunday School Board—Contest Over a Library.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 9, 1895.

During the night snow and sleet succeeded the rain, which fell continuously yesterday. The thermometer has lowered fifteen degrees or more.

It is reported this morning that Dr. J. W. Carter, pastor of the First Baptist church, has been called to the pastorate of the church in Wheeling, W. Va.

Cards were received in the city this morning announcing the coming marriage of Mr. Fred. Harper, of Wilmington, N. C., to Miss Daniel, daughter of Senator Daniel, of Virginia. Mr. Harper has many warm friends in Raleigh.

The jails here and in Durham and Chatham county are overflowing with prisoners. The Durham authorities have requested that no more prisoners be sent to the Durham jail.

J. H. Burt, of Wilson, was arraigned in the Federal Court yesterday on a charge of retailing liquor without license on an excursion train from Wilson to Wilmington last Summer. Burt was found guilty and judgment is reserved by Judge Seymour. Burt is a prosperous man, being the owner of two or three saloons in different towns. He will, at a minimum punishment, be compelled to pass a period in prison.

Work on the Morgan street bridge property begins to-day. The extension of the street will open up some of the most valuable property in Raleigh.

The Governor's Council meets to day, but a quorum is not likely.

Rev. J. E. White who is chosen to succeed the late Dr. Durham, will not have all the work that the former secretary had. The office was that of Secretary of the Mission Board and Sunday Schools. The Convention created an Auxiliary Board to the Board of Missions on Sunday Schools. Mr. N. B. Broughton was made chairman of that Board.

The Sunday School Board which was recently created will elect a secretary at a salary from $1,000 to $2,000. He will work in the Sunday School field and have charge of the Baptist supply and bookstore, which is at present situated under the office of the *Biblical Recorder* in this city. Mr. W. B. Broughton's name, as well as others, are mentioned in connection with the new office. The Sunday School Board will elect their secretary at the time they see fit.

At a recent term of Wake county Court a library, which had been bequeathed to the deaf of the State, was contended for by the institutions at Morganton and Raleigh. The Supreme Court finally decided that the books should be divided between the two schools, the division to be in proportion to the number of pupils in each school. It is not unlikely that one of the schools will sell its share to the other, so that the library may remain intact. Superintendent Goodwin, of Morganton, was in Raleigh recently conferring with the Board upon this matter.

The Street Car Company is having the old cars overhauled and repainted. Three of the old winter cars have been made "new" again by repairs and a sufficiency of paint.

The Southern Railway ticket office in this city sold one hundred tickets to Durham in three days last week.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Twelve ont of fourteen applicants passed the examination for license to practice pharmacy.

Funds have run short in the Federal Court and witnesses only receive scrip on the Government. Witnesses in need are having these cashed at twenty per cent. discount by speculators.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice December 11, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Mrs Mellvinnie Bradley, Miss Mary A Brown. F—Miss Alice Fealeman. H—Miss Maria Highsmith. M—Miss Lizzie McLeese, Miss Agnes Mason, Mrs Johanna Moore. P—Miss Mine Poap. S—Mrs John Swann. Y—Mrs R S Young.

MEN'S LIST.

A—E L Applewhite, Dr S A Allen. B—I J Bemean. C—Cotton Manufacturing Company. E—L A Emmerson. F—J W Foster, Mr William Farrar. G—Peter W Gause. H—F L Hills, K E Hamer, Luther Hawley. J—Able Jones. Robert H Jones, Rev Johnson. K—Belphrey Kelum. L—John Lane. M—E F McAllister, L Martin, Peter Maloid, Runnerson Merritt, W P Murphy. O—Geo N Oliver. P—Geo Penny. R—Ach Right, E Rembert, N W Richards. S—U B Salter. T—H G Thornton, Pietro Toscano, Z Taylor. W—W H Williams.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

E T Conway, Andrew Hall, S J Johnson, Mary Medford, Montague Morgan.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE,

MABEL PAICE

and her Jolly Company.

GRAND FAMILY MATINEE

this afternoon at 2.30, when the beautiful Operetta LA BELLE MARGUERITTE will be given.

TO-NIGHT,

"The Other Girl."

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Secure seats at Yates'.
dec 11 1t

$50.00 Reward.

A reward of FIFTY DOLLARS will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest of the person or persons who turned in the FALSE FIRE-ALARMS on the morning of the 10th inst.

W. C. VONGLAHN,
Chairman Fire Committee.
dec 11 1t

For the First Fifteen

Days of December we propose to offer some bargains in

Oil Heaters,

Wood and Coal Heaters,

COAL VASES,

Portable Grates,

Shovels and Tongs.

A few of those

Stand and Library Lamps

left to be sacrificed.

Feather Dusters 35c and downward.

Counter Brushes 40c and downward,

Scrubbing Brushes 10c and upward.

Shoe Brushes 10c and upward.

Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Whitewash Brushes. Bird Cages slightly shop worn at cost.

Our prices will prove every word we say in this advertisement. Try us and see.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street.
dec 1 tf

Walk Just 63 1-2 Steps

East from the corner of Front and Princess streets, and you will be at the old stand of H. C. Evans, where

Mercer & Evans

are now selling some of the

CHEAPEST SHOES

in the United States.

Why pay $5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 for a Gent's Calf Plain Toe Welted Shoe, either in Congress or Lace, broad, thick soles, when we will sell you a Shoe that will do as much wear, look as well and give as much comfort for $4 00 and $4.50? New Goods and in any size desired. A trial will convince. Moore Bicycle Shoes.

Call on us for all other kinds of Shoes. Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

dec 1 tf Successors to H. C. Evans.

A Comfortable Shoe

Is a happy combination of fine leather, superiority in manufacture and a perfect fit. You can't be easy unless your feet are. Our "Old Gents' comfort's Shoe" at $3.00 will make you easy and comfortable.

Our Pointed Toe Lace Shoes at $2.50 and $3.00 will give you both style and comfort. Don't fail to see our new "HEALTH AND COMFORT" SHOE with a felt innersole. Try one pair and you'll wear no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 12 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.
july 27 tf

C. C. Nuts and Raisins.

10,000 C. C. Nuts.
100 boxes Raisins.
50 barrels Apples.
150 boxes Cheese.
250 barrels Sugar.
75 boxes mixed Nuts.
300 bags Coffee.
300 boxes Crackers.
4,000 sacks Salt.
1,000 bushels Peanuts and all other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
dec 10 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Do You Appreciate Things

That are sweet and clean? Then buy your Candies and Fruits At MORRISON'S,
dec 10 tf 103 Market St.

EGGS.

THE UNDERSIGNED CAN FURNISH YOU with Thoroughbred Brown Leghorn Chicken Eggs at $2.00 per setting of 13 eggs. A. PREMPERT,
dec 1 tf No. 11 South Front street.

A Big Display.

MR. HUSH, REPRESENTING THE TRIBUNE BICYCLES, will be with me for a few days and all who are interested in Bicycles will find it much to their interest to call and inspect the Tribune.

M. P. TAYLOR, Jr., No. 19 North Front St.

Best repair, cheap and best Bicycle mechanics in the city. Wheels for rent and exchange. Everything guaranteed. dec 7 tf

Business Booming.

Owing to the immense business done in the last few months, our Mr. Johnson was compelled to make a second trip to New York to replenish our already beautiful stock of

Dry Goods

Millinery and FANCY GOODS.

These newly purchased goods are now arriving daily. Among other goods that have been received are twenty elegant

FUR CAPES,

which were purchased considerably below value, and we are offering them to our customers at the same reduced rates.

100 Ladies' Jackets from $5 to $25,

in the most fashionable styles. Also a very handsome selection of

Velvet and Plush Capes.

Sole Agents for Dr. Jaeger's Celebrated Sanitary Woollen Underwear.

Buy your KID GLOVES from us where you can have them tried on while you are sitting at the counter. Will inform the public through the daily papers when our stock of

Holiday Goods

will be ready for inspection, but would advise you not to make your purchases before seeing our stock.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
dec 1 tf

LOOK OVER THIS LIST

And note what you wish to

BUY FOR XMAS.

A Nice Dress Goods 5c to $1.00 per yard.

Table Cloths and Doilies.

A Good Blanket or Comforter.

Lace Curtains 75c pair and upwards,
Bed Spreads 69c to $4 75.
Latest Style Clock or Cape.
Shaw s 25c to $3 50.
Handkerchiefs of Every Description.
Cotton and Flannel Underwear.
Corsets at all prices.
Infants' Sacques and Caps.
Stockings and Gloves in all sizes.
Watches—Good time-keeper $1 48 and upwards,
Alarm Clocks 89c, Walnut Clocks $2 98.
Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins, Earrings and Breastpins.
Gilt Band Cap or Sailor Hat.
Fancy Work Boxes, Glove Cases.
Cuff and Collar Boxes. Silver Picture Frames 23c.
Nice Fair Boots or Shoes.
Slippers and Rubbers all sizes.
A Good Suit of Clothes.
Pair of Pants 50c up to $5.00.
Umbrel as, New Hand es 50c to $4.50.
Latest style Soft or Stiff Hat.
Suspenders and Neckties.
Silk Handkerchiefs or Socks.
Sweaters and Knit Jackets,
Undershirts and Drawers,
White and colored Overshirts.
Window Shades and Curtain Poles.
Chenille Table Covers and Portieres.
Carpets 13½c per yard and upwards.
Mattings and Floor Oilcloths.
Rugs 25, 45, 65, 98c up to $4 50.
Crumbcloths, medium size, $2.50; large, $4.00.
A Nice Iron-bound Trunk,

Toys! Toys! Toys!

LARGEST VARIETY.

LOWEST PRICES.

Remember the cheapest place to buy goods is at

J. H. REHDER & CO'S

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.00.
dec 1 tf

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oct 25 tf

Holiday Goods!

The rushing season, such as the present, cannot last too long. You must have time to select your Xmas presents and that is not an easy thing to do.

We Can Help You.

We have the largest line of DOLLS we have ever carried. You are unwise if you purchase before examining them.

BISQUE AT 25c.
" " 50c.
" " 75c.
" " $1 00.
" " 1 50.
" " 2 00, worth $3 00.

Bric-a-Brac.

Few houses carry as large a line of Oriental Wares as you will find here. You will find them in all the fantastic shapes peculiar to the Orient.

Handkerchiefs.

Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 25c each.

Embroidered and Plain Handkerchiefs 20c each.

Real Lace Handkerchiefs from $1 00 to $3 00.

Toilet Requisites.

Do You Use Hudnuts?

Chenille Table Covers at 75c each.
Tapestry " " $2 50
Tapestry " " 3 50
Damask " " 1 25

Kid Gloves.

"Cluze Patent Thumb" $1.
"Foster's" $1 00, $1 25, $1 50.
Centimere's $1 50, $1 60, $1 90.
Foster Street Glove a specialty.

We would like for you to see those Antique Lace Bed Spreads that we are offering for half value.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

500 Comforts from $1 25 to $7 50.

Blankets of every description.

We have twelve pairs of those Lace Curtains left—they are real nice—and good enough for any person in the city.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.
dec 8 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.
Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

I Am in Constant Attendance at My

PLACE OF BUSINESS, BESIDES THAT I have a Registered Pharmacist, so that at no time my Drug Store left in charge of an incompetent person. My goods are fresh and pure, and we deliver them as promptly as any one and my prices are as reasonable as the quality of the goods will permit.

JAS. D. NUTT,
dec 8 tf The Druggist.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 11, 1895

STARTING THE MILL.

Congress has been one week in session but within that time a number of financial bills have been introduced, the one most worthy of attention at this time being that introduced by Senator Mills providing for the issuing by the Treasury of short time non-interest bearing notes, and for the redemption of greenbacks in silver when the gold reserve falls below $100,000,000. The note provision is intended to give temporary relief to the Treasury, and the silver proposition permanent relief. But there is no more likelihood of this bill passing than there is of the passage of any of the several bills introduced in one or the other House providing for the free coinage of silver, not because there is not merit in it but because it gives too much recognition to silver and annuls the practice of the U. S. Treasury which has prevailed ever since the resumption of specie payments, which the Secretaries construed to mean gold payments.

To those who remember the strong position Senator Mills took in his letter published and read at one of the "Sound Money" meetings in Texas some time ago, in which he planted himself so firmly on the gold standard platform, this might look like going back to his original position as a champion of silver, and although he is consistent, for in that letter he proclaimed himself a bimetallist, he puts himself in antagonism to the powers that have ruled and now rule the Treasury, who contend that to preserve the parity between gold and silver, silver must be relegated and not be permitted to come to the front in the Treasury. It may do for the citizens to pay it to each other and discharge their debts with it, but it will never do, according to the views of our Secretaries of the Treasury, for the Treasury to pay it out to a citizen in discharging its obligations to him.

Right there in that short-sighted, stupid ruling the trouble with the Treasury began, and right there the foundation was laid for the inevitable necessity to borrow gold to maintain the solvency of the Treasury, when there was plenty of good and lawful money within reach, if it had not been discriminated against and ostracized by the arbitrary ruling of men who were either so short-sighted that they didn't realize the import of what they were doing, or were the willing tools of designing men who wanted to speculate on and profit by the embarrassments of the Treasury.

Shortly after the financial troubles of 1893 began and before Secretary Carlisle issued his first batch of bonds to replenish the gold reserve, he was quoted as saying that he would not issue bonds but pay out gold as long as he had it and when that was exhausted fall back on the silver in the Treasury. This report was broadly published but was soon contradicted. As Secretary Carlisle had up to that time been a strong advocate of silver and a bimetallist whose bimetallism was not doubted, this report was believed, for it was consistent with his record, and when it was contradicted there was a feeling of general disappointment among the friends of silver. We do not know whether there was any foundation for the report or not, but if there was Secretary Carlisle surrendered the key to the position and capitulated when he abandoned that resolve and stuck to gold. If he had planted himself on silver he would have had no trouble with the reserve and would have saved himself much hard work, anxiety and mental tribulation, and kept above the suspicion of being vacillating in his own views or weakly pliant to the views of others.

The bill of Secretary Mills is in keeping with the spirit and the letter of the resumption act, which contemplated the payment of silver in discharge of the Government's obligations, without discrimination in favor of gold, and in keeping, also, with the resolution of Senator Stanley Mathews which declared that it was no violation of good faith on the part of the Government to redeem its obligations in silver, which meant as well as the resumption act meant, that the Secretaries of the Treasury should pay out sillver and in no way discriminate against it in favor of gold. It is tantamount to a mandatory order on the Secretaries of the Treasury to recognize silver as a Government debt-paying money and to cease discriminating against it as they have been doing. If it become the law the problem of redeeming the greenbacks would be solved, for after the present gold reserve was exhausted, there would be no more gold borrowing and no more runs on the Treasury. The gentlemen who have greenbacks would find other use for them than hoarding them to draw gold from the Treasury to hoard for speculation, or to ship abroad. The Treasury would cease to be a borrower and a depository of gold for them.

There is nothing either radical or in the nature of a new departure in this bill, but simply a reaffirmation of laws that have been on the statutes for seventeen years, but have for all these years been flagrantly ignored, resulting in the enforced borrowing of gold, the adding of twenty millions dollars or more to the public debt and a depreciation of silver which would not have occurred if the Government had not in its prac discriminated against it under pretence of maintaining the parity. The best way in the world to maintain the parity is for the Government and the people to show by their acts that they respect silver as good and lawful money, which it is under the law.

Senator Mills' bill is a step in this direction and if Congress has the business sense and patriotism to pass it and the President permit it to become a law Secretary Carlisle may pass the remainder of the time he is in office exempt from the vexation of spirit to which he has been subjected since he began to grapple with the vanishing gold reserve, and the greenback, for whose retiring he now pleads, will trouble him no more.

MINOR MENTION.

The man who undertakes to raise sheep in North Carolina may expect a rough and tumble time, unless he hires men to keep a constant eye upon them and gathers them at night within enclosures high enough and tight enough to keep the prospecting dog out. The experience of Hon. S. B. Alexander, as related in the following clipping from the Charlotte *News*, is the experience of many other farmers who have undertaken to raise sheep:

"Ex-Congressman Syd B. Alexander has long been noted as an agricultural leader, and his farm near Charlotte is famed as one of the best in the South. Capt. Alexander, however, has never been able to score a success as a sheep raiser, though he has introduced the finest kind of breeds on his farm. His failure is on account of dogs. Time and again have they raided his farm and slaughtered his sheep. Last night dogs again visited his farm and killed three Southdown ewes. Capt. Alexander's experience is that of every other farmer who has been ambitious to raise sheep in this State, where dogs are protected and sheep are not protected. We have had all sorts of Legislatures, but none brave enough to pass a dog law."

We do not think that any Legislature has met since the war that some member or members did not introduce a bill or bills to protect sheep raisers from loss by dogs, but the Legislature has never yet been discovered that would pass any thing like an effective measure, because the dog owners outnumber the sheep owners, and the dog owners, it was feared, would resent with their ballots any infringement on the liberty of their dogs to prowl where they chose and when they chose, and destroy all the luckless sheep they spied in their prowlings. The dog, the right kind of a dog, in his right place, is all right, but the owner of the dog should be impressed with the fact that the earth doesn't belong to his dog, and that the sheep raiser has some rights that the dog should be made to respect.

* * *

Scientists are trying to account for the protracted drought of last Summer and Fall which extended over the whole country and far up into Canada, but was most severely felt in the region between the Alleghany and the Rocky Mountains. The great lakes have been extraordinarily low and the main rivers of the West and Southwest, which usually carry even in dry seasons large bodies of water, dwindled to mere creeks. The Mississippi River at St. Louis recently had but one foot of water in the channel, and at New Orleans was so low that the water was salty from the tide waters of the Gulf. The Ohio, Upper Mississippi, Missouri and other navigable rivers were all too low for navigation, the Missouri being lower than it was ever known to be before. The Upper Mississippi and Missouri are reported to be frozen to the bottom at places. It would take a great deal of steady rain to raise these rivers to their usual volume, and the probabilities are that they will remain pretty much as they are until the melting of the snows in Spring replenishes them. The scientists are trying to solve the "mystery," each one will have his theory, and between the conflicting theories we will know about as much about it as we do now.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Christmas number of *St. Nicholas* is a beautiful and interesting one. It is handsomely illustrated and will be greeted with delight by the young folks. Published by the Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The Christmas number of *The Ladies' Home Journal* is larger than usual, and proportionately interesting. It is filled with reading matter appropriate to the season, copiously and handsomely illustrated. It is a very attractive number Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

We are indebted to the publishers, Lee & Shepard, of Boston, for a copy of "Two Years on the Alabama," by Lieut. Arthur Sinclair, which is written in excellent style and is interesting from beginning to end. The book is meeting with very high commendation and is pronounced one of the most valuable and comprehensive narratives of the Alabama, from the day she set sail until the close of her career, yet given to the public. It contains 844 pages, clearly printed in large type and copiously illustrated.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— It is with horror and poignant sorrow that Mr. McKinley will observe the turpitude of his friend, Mr. Reed, in deliberately attempting to assassinate the high tariff issue.—*Chicago Record, Ind.*

— Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, is employing his verbal appendix to induce Congress to impose a strong tax on clothing and so help wool. Judge Lawrence is really wasting his wind, such as it is.—*Philadelphia Times Ind.*

— It seems to be the idea of many who get their currency information from Washington, that when the Government pays out a dollar in greenback, receives it again in the transaction of Government business and pays it out again, the poor greenback has in some way cost the Government two dollars. It is an absurd idea. The process would be exactly the same with a gold dollar, of course. The gold dollar would be received, paid out, received again and paid out again.—*Petersburg Index-Apaepl, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Washington *Progress:* Mrs. Stephen Chapman died on Friday night last rather suddenly. She had been ill only a day or two.

— Smithfield *Herald:* Mr. W. H. Maynard, who lives a few miles below here, died last Monday night; aged 78 years. He died of pneumonia.

— Charlotte *Observer:* Mr. W. K. Stephens, a well known citzyn of Lemley's township, died Thursday, aged 77 years old. He was sick only a week with grip.

— Lincolnton *Democrat:* We learn that Maj. W. A. Graham, of Catawba Springs, is operating a gold mine near his home. The vein is rich not only in gold, but contains copper as well.

— Goldsboro *Argus:* It is gratifying to note the increasing amount of home-made hay, from year to year, that finds a market in Goldsboro. It used to be Western hay hauled out by the farmers; now it is home-made hay hauled in by them.

— Salisbury *Truth:* Capt. E. B. Hambley, owner of the celebrated Rockwell stock farm, Rowan county, shipped four bulls and four Jersey cows to New York recently. These animals were selected from his herd by experts sent to North Carolina for that purpose.

— Winston *Sentinel:* Mike Foust, a well-known colored man, dropped dead in the court room at 10 o'clock this morning. Court was in session. The old man, who was a plasterer by trade, was sitting on the bench when he fell over. Heart disease caused his sudden demise.

— Laurinburg *Times:* On last Sunday morning two colored men, Tink Mills and Judge Cooke; while playing cards for money at the house of another colored man named Jack Thomas in Sandy Creek township, engaged in a quarrel over the game. During the course of the quarrel, Judge Cooke grabbed the stakes, ten cents, whereupon Tink Mills drew a pistol and shot him twice, both shots entering his abdomen. Mills immediately fled and has not yet been taken. Cooke lingered on until Tuesday evening, when he died from the effects of his wounds.

— Sanford *Express:* Early last Monday night Mr. Frank Williams, son of Mr. J. C. Williams, came down town expecting to remain until 12 o'clock. When he left home he carried the key to the back door with him so that he might get in upon his return. He returned earlier than he expected. When he went to open the door his mother called to Mr. Williams, who had retired for the night, and told him that a burglar was trying to break in. He jumped up and got his pistol and by that time the door had opened. He fired twice at the supposed burglar which proved to be his son Frank. One shot went wide of the mark but the other one struck him in the arm near the hand and stopped near the elbow. After the first shot had been fired Mrs. Williams discovered the mistake and cried that it was Frank. Mr. Williams thought she was calling Frank to assist him in apprehending the burglar. Physicians were called in and the ball probed for but they failed to find it.

— Jack Ash—Did you have an exciting time with the trolley party?

Ethel Knox—Very; we ran across ever so many people I knew.—*Exchange.*

• ALL •

PAIN GOES

•• WHEN ••

PAIN-KILLER

• COMES •

For Colic, Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, there is no cure equal to Pain-Killer. Get a bottle to-day. Keep it constantly on hand, for there is no kind of pain or ache—internal or external—that

Pain Killer

will not relieve. Genuine bottle bears name of PERRY DAVIS & SON. Look out for imitations and substitutes. Double the former quantity for 25 cents.

YOUR PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE.

You have suffered much in the past. Many of your days have undoubtedly been darkened by the shadow of sickness and ill health. You have oftentimes felt gloomy and despondent. At the present moment you may not be feeling just as well as you ought to feel. Perhaps you are experiencing the first symptoms of some serious ailment which is lurking in your system. Unless it is promptly checked there may be a long siege of illness in store for you. Now is the time to

STOP AND THINK

about the actual state of your health.

If you are suffering from tired feelings, headaches, backaches, billiousness, debility and other symptoms, remember that your present and future are in your own hands You can get that most precious blessing of sound health, as others have done, by the aid of Warner's Safe Cure. Volumes could be filled in telling of what it has done for men and women who were completely run down in health. Its splendid tonic effects give new life and energy to those who are weary and worn out.

If you are in need of help, you should make your present and future happier by putting your system in sound condition. Get a new stock of health and strength by using the great safe cure which builds up the body, purifies the blood and makes the eye brighten with the sparkle of fresh life.

TWINKLINGS.

— Teacher—Have you learned the Golden Rule, Tommy?"

Tommy—Yes'h. It is to do to other people like they would do to you.—*New York World.*

— "I say, Jimmie, come down—goin' to have an awful lot of fun."

"W'at?"

"We've fed the goat with the big bath sponge, and now we're goin' to let 'im drink."—*Amusing Journal.*

— "Miss Octave is a beautiful player."

"You mean she plays beautifully."

"No; that's exactly what I don't mean."—*Chicago Recrd.*

— Spanish Officer—Courage, men! Strike for your homes.

Spanish Troops—We can't, sir. The insurgent devils have headed us off.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "Beautiful Fall weather," remarked Crimsonbeak to Miss Wheeler, as she stood over her fallen wheel brushing the dust from her bloomers. And now they don't speak.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Crimsonbeak—There's a man who has done some good work on the links.

Yeast—He doesn't look like a golf-player.

Crimsonbeak—He's not. He manufactures sausage.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

DON'T DODGE A BICYCLE.

It Only Confuses the Rider and May Cause an Accident.

"Before bicycling will ever become a success a meeting must be called for the purpose of allowing the wheelmen and the pedestrian to arrive at some understanding. I am in favor of a convention or something of that sort," said a prominent wheelman to a reporter.

"As it is now, a rider comes down the street and sees ahead of him at a crossing a man or woman who is supposed to be endowed with reasonable intelligence. This person is in the act of crossing the street. He looks up, sees the rider coming and stands still right in the middle of the street. Of course he is mentally calculating his chances for getting across safely. One can see the workings of his mind in the muscular contortions of his face.

"In the meantime the rider is getting closer and closer and is in a study equally as profound as to what the person is going to do. The pedestrian takes a step forward, takes another glance up the street, stops, starts back, makes an effort to reach the pavement, stops again, starts forward, stops—

"Of course by this time the cyclist is almost at a standstill and is also zigzagging from one side to the other, waiting and muttering. What he says depends upon whether he is a man or a woman. The pedestrian seems to give up all possibility of escape, faces the rider, both arms extended, jumps from one foot to the other, and the two collide. The cyclist is thrown to the ground, his wheel twisted, and he gets the blame.

"And how easily all this can be avoided! Let the pedestrian, instead of performing all these trying evolutions, merely walk along as though there was nothing behind him, keep his course, and the cyclist will know what to do. He will turn his wheel to one side and slide past with perfect ease and safety. On the crossings let a man walk along as though there were not a bicycle in the state, and the wheelman will judge his course accordingly. He has control of his wheel and is as anxious not to collide as the other fellow. That's all we want. We merely ask that people walk along about their business, and we shall not molest them.

"In the case of a horse which is not readily managed the rider or driver may be on the alert and skillful, and there may be a collision, but with a bicycle the rider has control, and if the pedestrian will only go along and not get rattled there will be no collisions. This is what I want the people to know, and the only way, it seems, for them to learn this is to hold a convention or something."—Indianapolis Sentinel.

THE BOGUS CHECK DODGE.

How the Shrewd Crook Worked Hotel Clerks to His Own Benefit.

"Ever get left on the bogus check racket?" repeated the hotel clerk. "Only once.

"It was just after I came here. A stranger alighted from the bus and called me by name even before he entered the door. He was asking me how I liked Buffalo and telling me that Jimmy, the bartender, and Dave, the head waiter in the hotel where I used to work in Pittsburg, had sent their regards to me even before he registered. I was kicking myself because I couldn't remember him, but, of course, I didn't give myself away. The name he put on the register didn't enlighten me any either.

"The next morning when I came on watch my new friend was ready to depart. He greeted me with 'Hello, old man! Just tell your cashier this check is all right, will you? I want to settle my bill. I've got to run down to Rochester, but I'll be back with you tomorrow.' The check was for $50 and was signed by one of the best firms in Pittsburg. I told the cashier to take it. He didn't happen to have enough money at the time, and my gentleman began to bluster. 'If you don't want to cash it,' he said, 'I'll take it down to the Mansion House, where I used to stop. They'll take it fast enough.' That ought to have aroused my suspicions. Men whose credit is good are not ready to resent fancied slights on their financial stability. But I argued to myself that the man had only come to our house on my account and that we should lose a customer if he was not accommodated, so I was more anxious than ever to oblige him. I held him till the cashier got the money and gave him—his change, $47.

"A few days afterward the check was returned to us a forgery. I have heard that the fellow played the same game all over the country. He evidently made a specialty of posting himself on the history and personal appearance of hotel clerks, and the desire of our class to be known as everybody's friend did the rest."—Buffalo Express.

Little Alice's Mistake.

It happened that little Alice's mamma had traveled in company with Mark Twain and one or two other celebrated writers. The child had heard the matter discussed, and she electrified the household by announcing:

"You traveled with Shakespeare, didn't you, mamma? I told the teacher today that you did!"—New York Mercury.

EUTHANASIA FOR MURDERERS.

A Professor's Scheme For Killing Them Painlessly and Unawares.

Professor B. F. Thomas of Ohio says:

"Late discoveries in anæsthetics afford wide opportunities to persons who desire to humanitarianize capital punishment, and prisons present an almost limitless field for the selection of an agent that will inflict quick, painless and absolutely certain death. Aconite, prussic acid or almost any one of a dozen chemicals will accomplish the result without any of the uncertainty and with none of the possible pain that is attached to the present methods.

"Carbonic acid gas is perhaps better than all, for under its influence the criminal simply would sleep his life peacefully away absolutely without pain, and, with proper arrangements, without any of the agonized foreknowledge of the hour and minute of his execution. I believe it is generally recognized that simple removal from society is the only object aimed at by the capital punishment laws of civilized nations, and that being the case the most humane methods should be selected."

Then Professor Thomas told of a personal experience in which the possibilities of carbonic acid gas as a death producing agent were clearly demonstrated. It was at the World's fair, and the professor had been stopping temporarily in an apartment house where not long before a young man had narrowly escaped death in a most mysterious way. The young man had gone to the bathroom, which was equipped with a water heater of peculiar construction, but provided with no means for the escape of the products of combustion resulting from the flame of the heater.

Not long after he had closed the doors of the bathroom a loud noise, as of some one falling to the floor, was heard. The door was broken open and the occupant of the room found unconscious. He was resuscitated with great difficulty. A similar experience befell a young lady who subsequently occupied the same room. It was found that both were victims of carbonic acid gas.

Professor Thomas inspected the bathroom and found, as has been stated, that there was no means provided for the escape of the products of combustion generated by the heater. In other words, the carbonic acid gas from the flame, settling first to the floor of the room, finally had arisen as it increased in volume until it had reached the level of the bathtub and then the nostrils of the person occupying the room. Both the young man and the young woman were practically dead, at least so far as any sensation was concerned, when found. The professor questioned each of them, and both said they had experienced no pain whatever prior to the lapse of consciousness. There had been a slight feeling of lassitude and some dizziness, and then came an absolute blank without the smallest suggestion of fear or pain.

This unconsciousness would have meant death to both of the victims had not friends discovered them in time and applied restoratives, from which Professor Thomas reasons that carbonic acid gas, according to these two cases which came under his personal observation, is a certain and absolutely painless agent of death.

"If we are to change the present method of inflicting capital punishment," said he, "let us secure the passage of some law which will kill the criminal without either physical or mental agony, a method that shall be quick, painless and certain and at the same time humane. If carbonic acid gas were to be the agent selected, a cell could be fitted up at the penitentiary with a pipe connection for the introduction of the gas from the place of its generation near by and proper covering for the doors and windows so that the gas could not escape during the execution. Then the law could be made to provide a sort of indefinite sentence by fixing the date of the execution as between two certain days a week or more apart, the exact time to be selected by the warden. The criminal could be placed in this prepared cell and given no intimation of the exact time of his death and thus be spared the agony of daily and hourly expectation. When the warden saw proper and probably while the criminal was sleeping peacefully, he could have a valve turned in the pipe through which the gas was to pass, and the thing were done, for the sleep which the condemned man was enjoying would have no awakening. Death would have come to him painlessly and without his foreknowledge of its approach."

A Complete Sequence.

"You sit on your horse like a butcher," said a pert young officer, who happened to be of royal blood, to a veteran general, who was somewhat bent from age.

"It is highly probable," responded the old warrior, with a grim smile. "It is because all my life I've been leading calves to the slaughter."—Household Words.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

oc 14 tf fr su we W 3p

Rover Knew the Portrait.

Since the painting of that famous bunch of grapes with which Apelles is said to have deceived the fowls of the air it has been an undecided question whether animals recognize facsimiles in pictures. It is certain that they sometimes recognize portraits.

The young master of a beautiful collie dog suddenly died. The dog was inconsolable. For weeks he roamed about in search of the lost one, exhibiting the mute and touching grief that animals sometimes show for the dead.

One day a portrait of the boy was brought home, and it was proposed to bring Rover in to see if he would recognize it. The moment he came into the room the portrait caught his eye, and he sprang forward with a joyful bark, reaching up to touch it with his paws.

When he found that it was only an inanimate surface, his disappointment was pitiful to see.—New York Tribune.

Turn About.

The emancipated woman was just leaving the club.

"Here," she said to the cashier, "take this roll of bills and look them up in the safe for me."

"You are very cautious," said a companion.

"Yes. My husband has got into the way of going through my bloomers when I am asleep, and I have to be."—Washington Star.

From the earliest dawning of policy to this day the invention of man has been sharpening and improving the mystery of murder, from the first rude essay of clubs and stones to the present perfection of gunnery, cannoneering, bombarding, mining. —Burke.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-℔ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7½ @	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	13½ @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	7½ @	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6 @	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	5¼ @	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5½ @	5
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	45
Virginia Meal	50 @	45
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	.... @	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15½ @	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10 @	12½
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice,	2 75 @	3 00
Straight	3 75 @	3 85
First Patent	@	4 25
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½ @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White.	42½ @	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½ @	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½ @	42½
Oats, from store	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ℔ ℔—		
Green	.... @	6
Dry	.... @	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	.... @	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2 @	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	6½ @	9
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	.. @	22
" " " in bbls	.... @	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	.... @	15
Syrup, in bbls	18 @	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	2 30
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	10 50 @	10 50
Rump	@	10 00
Prime	@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	.... @	75
Liverpool	.... @	65
Lisbon	.... @	....
American	@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4⅝ @	5
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex. C	@	4½
ExtraC, Golden	4 @	4½
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	....
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	.... @	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	00 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5 @	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	13½ @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 10.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 35 per bbl for Strained, and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 25; Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24⅝c; rosin, strained, $0 95; good strained $1 00; tar $0.95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	119
Rosin	503
Tar	262
Crude Turpentine	51

Receipts same day last year—100 casks spirits turpentine, 256 bbls rosin, 112 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Firm on a basis of 8c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7 11-16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5¼c.

Receipts—1,178 bales; same day last year 2,761.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 10—Evening—Money on call was steady a 1½@2½ last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills was 487¾@488 for sixty days and 488¾@489 for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds higher; United States coupon fours 112¼; United States twos 97. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 104; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were easier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 10—Evening—Cotton steady; middling gulf 8 13-16c; middling 8 9-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; December 8 35, January 8 37, February 8 42; March 8 47; April 8 52, May 8 56, June 8 60, July 8 61, August 8 62, September 8 30, October 8 18. Sales 295,900 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1,072 bales; gross 3,858 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,501 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 1,399 bales; forwarded 1,586 bales; sales 1,215 bales, sales to spinners 1,015 bales; stock (actual) 175,658 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 43,328 bales; exports to Great Britain 19,512 bales; to France 7,321 bales; to the Continent 11,084 bales; stock 952,379 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 122,490 bales; exports to Great Britain 40,716 bales; to France 36,486 bales; to the Continent 23,658 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2,781,679 bales; exports to Great Britain 782,016 bales; exports to France 240,572 bales; exports to the Continent 679,820 bales.

NEW YORK, December 10—Flour was about steady and more active; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 65; fair to fancy $2 65@3 30; patents $3 45@3 75 Minnesota clear $2 50@3 10; patents $3 15@4 10; low extra $2 25@2 65; city mills ——; do patents ——; Southern flour quiet, steady, common to extra fair $2 10@2 80, good to choice $2 90@3 00 Wheat—spot lower, more active; No 2 red in store and at elevator 70¼@70⅝; afloat 71⅜@72c; options were fairly active and declined through free local realizing with the close weak at ⅝@1c below yesterday; No. 2 red January 67¼, March 69¼c; May 68⅛c; December 66⅝. Corn easier and fairly active; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36c; options were moderately active at unchanged prices to ⅜c lower; December 35c; January 34½; May 35⅛c. Oats—spot quiet and steady; options dull and easier; December 22⅜c; January 23⅛c; May 25c; No. 2 white January 24⅜c; spot prices—No. 2 23c; No 2 white 24⅜c; mixed Western 23½@24c. Wool was quiet and firm; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34c. Beef was quiet and firm; family $10 00@12 00, extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams inactive at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef quiet, firm; city extra India mess $16 00; cut meats weak and dull; pickled bellies 4⅞@5; shoulders 5@5¼; hams 8¼@8⅜c; middles nominal. Lard quiet and easy; Western steam $5 50 asked; city $5 15; December $5 50 nominal; refined dull; Continent $6 00; South America $6 30; compound $4 62½@5 00. Pork was easy and quiet; mess $9 00@9 50. Butter firm with the demand fair; State dairy 12@22; do creamery 19@26c; Western dairy 10½@17c; Elgins 27. Cotton seed oil quiet and steady; crude 26c; new yellow prime 29@29½c; do off grade 28½c. Rice was quoted firm; domestic, fair to extra 3@5⅛c; Japan 3⅜@4c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 27@35. Peanuts steady. Coffee barely steady and 5@15 points down; December $13 80; January $13 60@13 70; February $13 55; March $13 40@13 55; May $12 80@12 90; June $12 65; July 12 40@12 45; September $12 00; spot Rio dull but steady, No. 7 $14 50. Sugar—raw dull and firm; fair refining 3⅛@3¼c; refined sugar was quoted quiet and steady; off A 4 3-16@4⅜c; standard A 4⅝; granulated 4⅝@4¾c; cut-loaf 5¼c; crushed 5¼c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady; quotations unchanged.

CHICAGO, December 10—Cash quotations: Flour quiet but firm. Wheat—No 2 spring 58⅛@59⅝c; No 2 red ——. Corn—No. 2 25⅝@26⅛c. Oats—No 2 17@17½. Mess pork, per bbl, $7 87½@8 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 20@5 22½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $4 25@4 32½. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $4 50@4 62½. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 December 58⅞, 58⅞, 58⅛, 58⅛; January, 59⅛, 59⅛, 58⅝, 58⅝; May 62⅜@62½, 62⅝, 61⅞, 62c. Corn—December 26⅛, 26⅛, 25⅞, 25⅞; January 26⅛, 26⅛, 25⅞, 25⅞c; May 29, 29, 28⅝, 28⅝c; July 30, 30, 29⅝, 29⅝. Oats—No. 2 December 17⅛, 17⅛, 17, 17; May 20⅛, 20⅛, 19⅞, 19⅞@19⅞c. Mess pork, per bbl, December $7 85, 7 85, 7 85, 7 85; January $8 55, 8 55, 8 45, 8 45; May $8 92½, 8 92½, 8 82½, 8 82½. Lard, per 100 lbs, December $5 10, 5 10, 5 10, 10; January $5 27½, 5 27½, 5 22½, 5 25; May $5 52½, 5 52½, 5 47½, 5 50. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, December $4 25, 4 25, 4 25, 4 25; January $4 32½, 4 32½, 4 25, 4 25; May $4 55, 4 55, 4 47½, 4 50.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 10.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 2 red, spot and month 66½@66⅝c; May 70½@70⅝c; Steamer No. 2 red 63½@63⅝c; Southern by sample 67@67½c; do on grade 64@67c. Corn quiet and easy—mixed spot 33½@34c; year 33½@33⅝c; January 33¼@33⅜c; February 33⅝@34c; March 34@34½c; Steamer mixed 32@32½c; Southern white 32⅝@35⅝c; do yellow 32⅝@35⅝c. Oats inactive but firm—No. 2 white Western 24½@25c; No. 2 mixed do 23c bid.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Dec. 10.—Galveston, steady at 8⅛c, net receipts 3,820 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 3,458 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 706 bales; Boston, steady at 8 7-16c, net receipts 457 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8, net receipts 1,178 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8 3-16c, net receipts 108 bales; Savannah, steady at 8c, net receipts 6,879 bales; New Orleans, very firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 19,074 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8c, net receipts 924 bales; Memphis, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 2,991 bales; Augusta, very firm at 8⅛, net receipts 865 bales; Charleston, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 2,332 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 10.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, good demand and prices firm. American middling 4 19-32d. Sales 12,000 bales, of which 10,800 were American; speculation and export 1,000. Receipts 49,000 bales, of which 44,000 were American. Futures opened steady and demand fair. American middling (l m c) December 4 32 64d; January and February 4 30 64@4 31 64d; February and March 4 30-64d; March and April 4 30 64@4 31-64d; April and May 4 31 64@4 32 64d; May and June 4 32-64@4 33-64d; June and July 4 32 64@4 34 64d; July and August 4 33-64d; August and September 4 33 64d. Futures quiet but steady.

4 P M—American middling (l m c) December 4 32 64@4 33 64d buyer; December and January 4 31 64@4 32 64d buyer; January and February 4 31 64@4 32 64d seller; February and March 4 31-64@4 32 64d seller; March and April 4 31-64@4 32-64d seller; April and May 4 32 64d buyer; May and June 4 32 64@4 33-64d buyer; June and July 4 33-64@4 34 64d seller; July and August 4 34-64d buyer; August and September 4 33 64d buyer; October and November 4 23 64d value. Futures closed quiet but steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Oneida, Chichester, New York, H G Smallbones.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr W T Daggett, Ward, Point Caswell, master.

CLEARED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr W T Daggett, Ward, Point Caswell.

Schr Ella G Ells, Cashman, Jacmel, Hayti, Geo Harriss, Son & Co, cargo by Jas H Chadbourn & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

JACMEL—Schr Ella G Ells—143 869 feet lumber, 6,000 shingles.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 11, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Ormsby (Br), 1,828 tons, Robinson, McFadden Bros.

SCHOONERS.

Edith and May, 122 tons Ellis, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

B J Hazard, 387 tons, Rafford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ellen G Ellis, 230 tons, Cushman, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Henry S Woodruff 186 tons, Trainer, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Annie Ainslie, 288 tons, McAndrews, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, J T Riley & Co.

C C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Julia Elizabeth (Br), 80 tons, Ingraham, Cronly & Morris

Chas H Sprague, 303 tons, Harper, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Victory (Br), 131 tons, Monroe, Cronly & Morris.

John C Gregory 360 tons, Andressen Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Marco Polo (Nor), 722 tons, J T Riley & Co.

Nor (Nor), 498 tons, Johansen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Oberburgerminter Von Winter (Ger), 552 tons Marob, Heide & Co.

Antares (Ger), 466 tons, Rächlen, E Peschau & Co.

Emma Bauer (Ger), 536 tons, Niemann, Heide & Co.

OPEN THINE EARS

To sound argument and listen to the Racket Store cranks talk for a few minutes, and you will be convinced that they are hustlers in the Dry Goods business. We are pushing our Carpet and Rug Department. Hemp Rugs, 36x72 inches, with fringe on the end at 39c each—assorted colors. A heavy twilled, bright, nicely made Rug, 5 feet long, at 45c each; same goods 6 feet long and 3 feet wide at $1 00 each; 65 inches long and 32 inches wide; Smyrna Rugs at $1 00 each. A very fine line of all wool Smyrna Rugs just received at $1.00 1.50, 1 98, 2 50, 3 25, 4.50 and 5 00. These Rugs are one-fourth cheaper than we have ever been able to offer the same goods before. Hemp Carpet ⅝ yard wide at 12½c; 1 yard wide stripe, good for churches and halls, heavy, very thick, at 20c a yard; ¾ wool, two ply, heavy Ingrain Carpets, good colors, at 39c a yard; all wool, two ply, at 49c a yard; three ply Carpet at 65 and 85c a yard. A new line of Tapestry just received for stairs and halls at 55c a yard. A nice line of Moquetts and Body Brussels from 45, 65, 75, 80 to 99c a yard. We have 100 different samples in Carpets that we sell for a factory. We take the measure of your room, cut the Carpet, fit and make all O. K. We sell you everything your heart may wish. Tapestry, Body Brussels, Moquetts, Wiltons, Hemps and remnants. Matting and Oilcloth are still on the move. One-yard Oilcloth at 18c a yard; ½ yard wide at 30c a yard. Matting from 10 to 25c a yard. We are at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

dec 1 tf

J. R. WILLARD & CO.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade,

New York Produce Exchange,

New York Cons. Stock Exchange.

We will send free the only 4-page Market Letter issued daily from New York and Chicago. Also a Market Dictionary defining all commercial and financial terms and furnishing the most valuable statistics relating to stocks and grain. Send for them.

Orders in stocks, cotton and grain solicited in any amount for cash or on 3 to 5 per cent. margin.

46 Broadway and 45 New St., New York.
17 Board of Trade, Chicago. nov 14 1m

Cash Paid —FOR— Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.

nov 16 3m [Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

THE MODERN LEARNED MAIDEN.

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"
"To Vassar college, sir," she said,
"Sir," she said,
"Sir," she said,
"To Vassar college, sir," she said.

"May I go with you, my pretty maid?"
"'Tis a female college, sir," she said.
"How may one enter, my pretty maid?"
"Solely by intellect, sir," she said.

"What will you do then, my pretty maid?"
"Take an A. B. if I can," she said.
"Then won't you marry me, my pretty maid?"
"Nay, we'll be bachelors, sir," she said.

"What will you do then, my pretty maid?"
"I shall be master of arts," she said.
"Then won't you marry me, my pretty maid?"
"You would be master of me," she said.

"What will you do then, my pretty maid?"
"Try for a Ph. D., sir," she said.
"Then I won't marry you, my pretty maid."
"Nobody asked you, sir," she said,
"Sir," she said,
"Sir," she said,
"Nobody asked you, sir," she said.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A KISS IN THE DARK.

The first error was a distinctly human one, feminine particularly—that of not being satisfied with a good thing and letting well enough alone, "well enough" being in this case a first lieutenant of more than ordinary attractions. There are very few women who are satisfied when only one man is the captive of their charms. They prefer a dozen soupirants to one, even if they are themselves enamored of the one.

The name of the gallant soldier whose good fortune it was to have obtained for his promised own the winsome daughter of Captain Foster was Appleton, his fortune was his own good saber and his pay of $125 a month, his character the full ideal of an officer and a gentleman. As for his appearance, it was all that even Miss Foster, who might have had the pick of some seven or eight others, could desire.

The only excuse to be found for the first error is that Miss Foster was very young, rather spoiled and not in the habit of being denied anything upon which she set her rather uncertain little heart. Therefore when a very stubborn second lieutenant of the name of Saxe let her distinctly see that he was not to be captivated by charms that had allured every one else she determined that his pride should be humbled in the dust, even in the alkali dust of the plains. That was the said first error. What she should have done, as seen in the light of future events, was to have been happy in the complete possession of such a man as Appleton and have let all others drift with their own particular current of life. But, then, she was just 18, and the regiment had made much of her.

Now, Appleton was not a jealous man. Even if he had been it is doubtful if he would have suspected what was going on in the mind of his pretty sweetheart, for she was something of a flirt and quite able to have two strings to her bow. She certainly gave all the time that he had any right to claim to Appleton, even more perhaps, and impressed him with the idea that he was the sun of her universe, which indeed was the case, only there were also a large number of more or less bright moons and small stars which competed with his glory. For Kitty was not untruthful in the least. She was in love with Appleton, and if she had not been would never have made him think so. The trouble was that she was just a little in love as well with a goodly number of others. And how could she have helped it? They were all so awfully nice to her and seemed so fond of her. All except Saxe. He did not appear to care in the least and was devoted to no one and nothing except his commanding officer and his troop. Miss Foster was piqued and meant to "get even." Which was quite right, according to her lights.

The second error was unconscious. The commanding officer committed it when he sent Appleton off on a month's special duty and thereby left Kitty like a kite without a string, very likely to plunge out of its proper course and land on some unexpected obstruction. Kitty cried a little and was dreadfully sorry when Appleton left. She watched the ambulance with tearful eyes until it was almost out of sight, but as soon as it began to grow smaller she turned about, as it would be bad luck to look until the last. Her eyes were very dewy and were exactly the kind that look well in that state.

When she wheeled around, she came almost face to face with Saxe and only raised her lashes long enough to give him a glance of such delightfully bewitching sorrow that any other man would have tried to console her then and there and ran as fast as she could into the house. Saxe went on his way with a new admiration for Kitty, whom he had always considered a very heartless child. He was glad to see that she was capable of loving some one to the extent of crying over his departure. He did not wish he were the lucky man, however. That stage was yet to come.

The third error was very serious, and it was the usually unerring Saxe who committed it. He deluded himself with the fallacy that fire will not burn if you put on the asbestus gloves of indifference when you handle it. He felt sorry for poor, bereaved little Kitty and conceived it to be his duty to go over and console her. If it had been a disagreeable duty, he would not have shunned it, but it was not a disagreeable duty. In the moonlight before tattoo he went to sympathize with Miss Foster. That was the error. When he left, he was glad that he had listened to the promptings of conscience. It had seemed to do the girl much good. She was really a far more earnest and womanly little person than he had supposed, not as shallow as one would imagine. She was bearing up against her troubles bravely, and he admired her for it. After he had gone Kitty went up to her room and sat in her window looking out upon the parade ground and smiled and counted one point, very much as if she had been playing whist. She did not forget Appleton. She cried again when she went to bed and took his picture to put under her pillow and lay awake for a half hour thinking about him, but when she dropped off to sleep it was with a distinct under consciousness of triumph instead of loss.

She went at her part in perfect cold blood and played it well. Seeing that Saxe was greatly impressed by the constancy and affection, she determined to act that role, for a time at least. Her natural paleness was increased the next morning by a black frock, usually despised for its simplicity, and which made her blond hair, drawn back in loose coils, full of a golden light. She looked at herself and was pleased. Several of her hopeless admirers came to her porch during guard mounting with the hope that they might see her, but she kept within doors until her watchful eyes descried the approaching form of Lieutenant Saxe. With a weary and listless air she went out on the porch and sat on the steps, with her chin in her hand and a pensive look that was not unbecoming. The bait caught the fish. Saxe had not come past with the intention of being again a consoler of distressed beauty, but—well, he stopped just for a moment and spent the morning with Kitty in sweet and low converse. She grew a little more cheerful at about the third hour, but not to an unseemly degree. Of course she had not the bad taste to mourn the loss of one man to the very face of another. It was only in her manner that her sorrows were observable. She spoke of books and chapel and sewing, was very domestic in a mild way and never became so interested in her game as to forget her lines. It was a master stroke for her to decline Saxe's invitation to go to the hop with him that night, and she realized it. At 12 o'clock she excused herself to write a letter to catch the afternoon stage, and the man went away with the firm conviction that here was at least one faithful woman. He thought Appleton a lucky dog, but went no further.

As for Kitty's letter, it was quite a model of frankness, so far as the telling of facts was concerned. A woman can write a letter or tell a story, all the truth, in which no fact or phrase may be omitted, but with the position of a word or the changing of a punctuation mark, or even with telling the whole thing too openly, she can convey an impression very different from the real matter. Nor does she count this as dishonesty either. Kitty was not given to analyzing her sentiments aloud. She considered it destructive of the feminine charm of inconsequence. Nothing had happened that Appleton was not made acquainted with, and yet he was entirely ignorant of all he should have known.

Saxe persisted in his error, making it many fold, and in time Miss Foster came to the conclusion that the mantle of sorrow was threadbare and would soon become transparent, so she threw it away altogether. Saxe asked her to go to the next fortnightly hop, but she told him, with only a due amount of regret in her tones, that he had been forestalled. It could not possibly have been jealousy which made Saxe gloomy for the rest of the day, but Kitty was pleased to put that construction upon it and chuckled.

One day she told him that he was very like Appleton in appearance. "Do you know, if it were a dark night I couldn't tell you apart," she said, and Saxe was undecided whether to be charmed with the comparison or otherwise.

But he seemed to go just so far and no farther. Kitty could not understand this and was restive. She began to fear it was becoming a sort of Platonic friendship, and that was a thing she scorned, being convinced that only strong minded and unattractive women could indulge in them.

As the time of Appleton's return drew near she strained every nerve, without apparent anxiety, however, to make Saxe commit himself. He would not, and she marveled. It was quite beyond her conception of human motives that one man should be so loyal to another as to hesitate to make love to a friend's promised wife. She feared that she was losing his allegiance, and in her fear took several false steps. In fact, she began making love to Saxe when Saxe would not make love to her. Under ordinary circumstances he would have drawn off at this, but he was past seeing any fault in the girl whom he had censured so severely once. It was quite too soon for Kitty that Appleton came back, but she did not let him guess this from her manner.

Now, the fourth error was one which seemed to have no direct connection with the matter. It was the digging of a post hole in the wrong place. And the fifth error was again Miss Foster's. Of the three dances which she gave to Saxe she sat out two in a corner, half hidden by a garrison flag. Either a woman thinks a man a very bad dancer or else she has an object in view when she sits out a dance with him. Kitty had an object in view. There were just two chances for her to accomplish that object, and she set herself to the task with a will. Her tactics were admirable. First she leaned back with a dejected and wistful air, answering only in monosyllables. Saxe asked her what her trouble might be, and she shook her head, with a sigh. He insisted upon knowing, and at last she threw aside all restraint and complained that being engaged was not at all pleasant—"one cannot see enough of the—people—one likes." The hesitation said what her words did not. Saxe suggested that if one were really in love there should not be any other person worth seeing. Kitty's "Yes" was dubious.

"Aren't you in love, Kitty?" he asked. He had never called her by that name before.

Another uncertain "Yes."

"Besides I can't see that you are under any restraint."

"You don't know."

"It seems to me that Appleton gives you a great deal of freedom."

"Oh, he tells me I may do as I like. He means to be generous, but—I don't know. Now, for instance, I told him I wanted to walk back from the hop with you. You hadn't asked me, but I meant to ask you. He looked hurt and said something about his having just come home. He gave me permission, however, of course."

"Then may I take you back?" Saxe was beside himself.

"No."

"Why not?"

"Because."

"I fancy I understand. You don't want to hurt him."

"Yes."

"But if he didn't know?"

"How could it be helped?"

"I'm officer of the day tonight." Then he stopped himself.

"Well?"

"That's all."

"What had that to do with the matter?"

"Nothing."

"Yes, it had." And Kitty raised her dark blue eyes to his with more in their passionate look than a hundred words could have said.

Saxe forgot his determination and plunged on. "May I meet you at 1 o'clock, then, after I've visited the guard?"

Kitty nodded and hung her head.

"But this is not fair to Appleton. If we are to do this, you must end everything with him and marry me. Will you?"

A long pause. Kitty seemed to be thinking. The waltz was nearly ended—yes, the last notes were wailing now. If she could put off the answer for a moment!

"Will you?" insisted Saxe.

Another pause. Appleton was making his way toward them. He did not like the looks of things.

"Kitty, will you?" repeated Saxe.

"I must think," she answered. "I'll tell you at 1 o'clock."

The smile she gave him as she muttered this below her breath was assurance enough. Both were victoriously happy. Kitty told Appleton that she feared Saxe was badly in love with her and chatted on so happily that he regained his wavering faith.

Kitty went home and waited until 1 o'clock. She planned her revenge with delight. Saxe should be thrown over so calmly that his stiff pride would never recover. He could not resent it. It was he who had been treacherous, not she. At 1 o'clock she threw a shawl over her light gown and crept down stairs. She was badly frightened, a little inclined to turn back. Things were assuming a serious aspect. If she should be caught, it would be bad. Outside she waited in the corner of the house and heard approaching footsteps and the clanking of the saber of the officer of the day. His figure loomed up out of the darkness quite close to her. He hesitated and looked up at her window. Then as his glance fell he seemed to see the muffled figure in the corner. He strode toward it.

"Harry," she whispered.

A pause. "Yes," was answered, also in a whisper. He came to her and took her in his arms without a word. He was too uncertain to speak.

Kitty whispered again, "I thought you mightn't come, after all."

"But I did."

"Yes." Kitty, with her head resting on his shoulder, waited for him to ask her for his answer, but he said nothing. This was awkward. She could not begin herself.

"You look enough like Fred in the dark to be his brother."

"Yes?"

"If your voice were not so unlike his, I should say it was he."

"Really?"

"Good gracious! Can't you say anything except in monosyllables?"

"What is there to say?"

Kitty was desperate. What could he mean? Again she forgot herself and reversed the order of things.

"You might kiss me at least, I think."

"Shall I?"

"Shall you? What a question!" and she turned up her face to him.

"And now I must go, Kitty, dear. Oh, Kitty, Kitty!" he whispered huskily.

She drew back. "Why, what is the matter?"

But he was walking away.

"Don't you want your answer?" she ran after him saying.

"Not now, not tonight."

She turned and crept into the house. Then she knew what she had done. Chilled by the night air and trembling with fright she stood in the middle of the floor and looked straight ahead, seeing all her mistake and the shamefulness of it as she had not before. To accomplish a revenge she had come to this. She had thrown herself into a man's arms almost unasked. And the man had acted curiously. Small wonder. She sank upon the floor and sat for hours with her head hanging down. Then she undressed and went to bed, but lay awake until morning. She thought of Appleton now and how she had betrayed him, and she loved him more than ever she had before. It was a hard struggle between shame and inborn frankness, but she determined at last to tell him the truth in the morning and let him do as he liked, throw her over if he wished; but, then, he would not. She was sure of that. Only her old role of dispenser of favors and privileges would be ended. It would be he who would play the magnanimous henceforth. If only she could have back the crimson rose she had pinned on Saxe's coat! If he were to wear it the next day, Appleton would recognize it as one of the bunch he had given her and remember that he had told her that red roses meant love. She worried and marveled that she should have rushed headlong into such disgrace. She was one of those women whose tears come easily, but she had been too frightened and ashamed to cry. At last at reveille she sobbed away her griefs and slept.

After guard mounting she went into the garden with a scarlet face. She saw Appleton coming up the walk and paled with fear of what she had to tell him. She dropped her eyes and fingered a flower nervously until he stood beside her. "Oh, good morning Fred," she said cheerily.

"Good morning, Kitty."

A silence. Kitty bit her lip and pulled at the flower. "Well, why don't you say something?" she inquired petulantly.

"I've nothing much to say."

She glanced up and saw a red rose pinned to his coat—a crushed and wilted red rose. She caught hold of his arm to steady herself. He let her hand lie on his sleeve.

"I only came to ask if you had any message for Saxe. He fell into a post hole that was in the wrong place just as he was starting to visit the guard. The fall broke his leg, and I took his sword to make the rounds for him. He seemed to be dreadfully worried about something as I left, but I didn't understand at the time. I do now. So do you, I fancy. Shall I give him the rose that was meant for him, or do you want it back?" He unpinned it and handed it to her. She took it and crushed the petals until a red stain trickled between her fingers.

Appleton watched her and lingered for awhile. "Have you any message? I think he expects one. You have none? No, you must not say you hate him, and you must not try to explain. That is all, Kitty. Pretty, faithless, little Kitty. Good-by, and it is goodby for always too."
—Gwendolen Overton in Argonaut.

A ROUGH SHAVE.

The Natives of Jamaica Use Broken Bottles For Razors.

The natives of Jamaica have no need to buy soap, for the woods abound with plants whose leaves and buds supply very well the place of that indispensable article. Among these is the soap tree, so called, though it is more a bush than a tree. Its bulb, when rubbed on wet clothes, makes a beautiful lather, which smells much like common brown soap. The Jamaica negroes, some of them, who are great dandies in their way, make a soap out of a cocoanut oil and homemade lye, and a fine soap it is, smooth and fragrant. This cocoanut oil soap is used for shaving.

When a man wishes to shave, he starts out with his cocoanut shell cup and his donkey tail brush and bottle. It is never any trouble to find an empty bottle in Jamaica, even in the mountains. At least 20 generations of thirsty people have lived there and thrown away the empty bottles. The man carries no mirror, because he has none to carry. Not one negro cabin in a dozen has a cheap looking glass.

But nature supplies the mirror as well as the soap. The man goes to a convenient pool in the mountain stream where the water is still, and there is his mirror. He breaks his bottle on a stone and picks out a good sharp piece. Then he lathers his face profusely and begins to scrape away with his piece of glass, which works almost as well as a sharp razor.

The men rarely cut themselves in this operation. "At first," says a writer, "I trembled for them, but afterward I tried the method for myself, and soon became expert at it."—Pearson's Weekly.

Lord Chancellor and Great Seal.

It may not be generally known that during his term of office the lord high chancellor is not permitted to leave the kingdom. If he makes a holiday, he must choose a locality somewhere within the boundaries of the island. The reason for this restriction, Mr. Lucy explains in an article in The Strand Magazine, is that wherever the lord chancellor goes he must carry with him the great seal, and that is not to be trusted out of the country. This precious mark of authority consists of a pair of dies made in silver. When necessity arises for fixing the great seal of England to any document, the dies are closed, melted wax is poured in, and, opened in due season, the great seal is found ready for attachment. The pair of dies now in use date from the accession of her majesty. On her death they will be cut into pieces and deposited with a long list of others in the Tower.—Westminster Gazette.

Bryant's Early Pecuniary Rewards.

It is amusing to know how small were the pecuniary rewards of Bryant's literary labors, whatever may have been the fame they brought him. Two dollars a poem was the price that he named, and he seemed to be abundantly saitsfied with the terms. A gentleman met him in New York many years after and said to him: "I have just bought the earliest edition of your poems and gave $20 for it." "More, by a long shot," replied the poet, "than I received for writing the whole work."—Arthur Lawrence in Century.

Vulcan.

Vulcan, the god of ancient blacksmiths and metal workers, was lame in consequence of a pretty hard fall he had in his early days. Jupiter and Juno had a row, and Vulcan sided with his mother against the old gentleman, who promptly kicked him out of heaven. He fell for a whole day and lighted on the island of Lemnos, broke his leg and received as severe a shaking up as though he had tumbled down an elevator shaft. Æsculapius set his leg, but having only just received a diploma did a poor job, and for a long time Vulcan went on a crutch.

A Great Drought.

In the year B. C. 436 there was a drought extending all over Europe. All the crops failed, and whole districts were depopulated. At Rome thousands of people drowned themselves in the Tiber, and a pestilence ensued from the dead bodies in the river and on the banks.

Maryland, Massachusetts and Vermont are returned in the census reports as each having one acre in flax, New Jersey and Arkansas each having two.

For Convenience, Security and Profit,

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

CONVENIENCE.—We are centrally located where you can get your money any business day.

SECURITY.—New capital has recently been paid into the Company which makes it the strongest strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina.

PROFIT.—Interest paid on deposits at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Call at the Bank for rules.

If you wish to borrow money on good security, call on the Savings and Trust Company before borrowing elsewhere. We lead at the minimum rates. Security first, rate next.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. G. SLOAN, Cashier.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Capital $125,000. Surplus $35,000.

Every reasonable accommodation extended to customers. Loans made in liberal amounts at minimum rates on good security.

nov 7 tf

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Not Condensed

Not Revised,

Not Mutilated.

—BUT—

The Great And Only

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,
9 and 11 Princess Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 19 t

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville.........Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville......Lv	9 55
5 2[illegible]	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

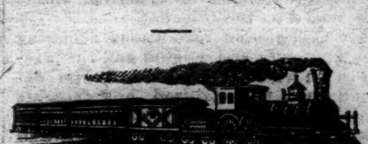
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage[r]
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.36 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.00 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 a m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.43 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.02 a m, Magnolia 8.15 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m, arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.05 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 02 p m, arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.57 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 5 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, †6 45 a m, Darlington 7.20 a m, †7 30 p m, 4.30 p m., 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, †7 55 a m, 5 p m, 6 45 p m, †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.03 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.25 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 25 a m, arrives Sumter †8 53 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 p m, arrives Darlington †7 15 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The watch-word of THE STATE will be steadfast support of the Democratic Party and its well-established principles, and White Supremacy and intelligent and honest administration of public affairs in North Carolina.

THE STATE will advocate Bimetallism, the industrial development of North Carolina and the extension of popular education.

Subscription Price	$1 25
Clubs of Five	5 00
Clubs of Twelve	10 00

A copy of the paper, when issued, will probably be seen at your postoffice.

Your subscription is solicited.

I will be glad to send you the first number. Start now.

S. A. ASHE, Editor, Raleigh, N. C.
oct 18 tf

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ... Lve	7 35 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv...... Climax..... Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv.... Rural Hall... Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 25 a. m
6 12 "	Lv...... Maxton..... Ar	9 23 "
5 42 "	Lv... Red Springs.... Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 38 "	Lv.... Fayetteville... Ar	10 52 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur..... Lv	8 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro... A	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 1[6] MIXED daily ex s[un]
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND,	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex s[un]
Leave Madison	12 25 p
Leave Stokesdale	1 28
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily		
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......	
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......	
		A. M.			
Leave Maxton	6 18	12 45	......	......	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......	
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......	
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......	
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......	
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 48	......	
Leave Charlotte			10 48	......	
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......	
			P. M.	......	
Leave Shelby			1 50	......	
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily		
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25		
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58		
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55		
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20		
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20		
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10		
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15		
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54		
		A. M.			
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34		
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30			
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30			
	P. M.				
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05			

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.60 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.00 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO

To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	5.30 p m,
Leave Kollock Station	5.50 p, m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	6.20 p, m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	6.40 p m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Dec. 14
ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Dec. 21

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Dec. 14
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Dec. 21

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA,	Tuesday,	Dec. 10
CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Dec. 17

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. nov 28 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 11, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed at a Decline—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, December 10.—The bull campaign in wheat, which seemed yesterday to be on the wave of success, came to sudden grief to-day and at the close of the session holders had lost almost all the profits that the advance promised them. There were all kinds of selling to be seen, but the most notable was that of the elevator concerns and the big professionals. May wheat opened from 62⅛@62⅜c, sold between 62⅝c and 61⅞c, closing at 62c—⅞@1c under yesterday. Cash wheat was ⅛@⅜c per bushel lower.

Occasional moments of activity were seen in corn, but the average was not quite up to the ordinary mark. May corn opened at 29c, declined to and closed at 28⅝c—⅜c under yesterday. Cash corn was steady to a shade lower.

The oats market presented the same characteristics as corn, in that they were dull and that they declined in sympathy with wheat. May oats closed ⅜c under yesterday. Cash oats were steady to fractionally lower.

Provisions—Some effort was made to sustain provisions at the start but it was unavailing, and at the close lower prices prevailed. The hog market was firm and that was the main influence early, but the declining tendency of grain exerted a more pronounced effect later. At the close May pork was 7½c under yesterday; May lard and ribs each 2½c lower. Domestic markets were quiet and easy.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 10.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell three points, but recovered this and fell twelve to fourteen points, closing steady with sales of 295,900 bales. New Orleans was stronger and moved upward. Liverpool advanced three points and then lost one point of this

To-day's features: There were slight declines early in the day, due to the fact that the Liverpool news was not quite so bullish as had been expected, but for all that Liverpool sent buying orders and this, together with heavy buying by New York and New Orleans and other points in the South, speedily turned the tide and prices shot upward. A Bureau report was issued which points to a crop of only 6,750 000 bales. Moreover, the spot demand in New York, the South and Liverpool continues on a very liberal scale, affording a very substantial basis for a rise. The rise is not predicted on speculation or on wild guesses about the crop. It is based on a good demand, the actual cotton coincident with a reasonable certainty that the crop is decidedly smaller than that of last year. New York bears were nervous and bought freely. Southern banks have plenty of money and they are lending it very willingly. The bulls are standing by their guns, for they think this is a rock-ribbed market against which the bears will dash themselves in vain.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

A Great Gathering Expected To-day from Tennessee, Florida and Texas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, December 10.—Still another city will come a courting to Atlanta to-morrow. Chattanooga is preparing to bring a larger delegation, if possible, than Baltimore did. For a week or ten days Mayor Ochs and the Chattanooga *Times* have been working up the city. The employes of the general offices of the Southern Express Co., four hundred in number, will come with the party. Every labor union in Chattanooga will be represented and the Citizens' Committee say four thousand people will come down. Two military bands will accompany the excursion. The military escort will consist of the Second Battalion, Tennessee National Guard, under command of Maj. Fyffe. There will be an imposing parade just inside the Exposition grounds, with exercises at the Auditorium and speeches by President Collier, Mayor Ochs and others. In the afternoon there will be a dress parade by the military and a foot ball game between the Chattanooga and Atlanta elevens. To-morrow is also Florida Day, Texas Day and Rome Day. To-night four excursion trains leave Jacksonville with about 1,500 Floridians for Atlanta. The railroads will also bring up a considerable number from Southern Georgia. Telegrams from Rome say that the mayor and leading citizens are moving for an immense delegation from that city. Putnam county also claims the day and will send large crowds.

THE COTTON CROP

Estimated at 6,375,000 Bales by the Department of Agriculture.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 10.—A crop equal to 67.3 per cent. of last year's, or 6,375,000 bales of 500 pounds, is indicated in final returns from county and State correspondents of the Department of Agriculture. More complete reports, based on the commercial movement, will be issued in 1896, the first of them probably in February. The mean farm price is 7 59 cents, a gain of 65 per cent. on last year's figures—4.6—and of 9 per cent. on 1893.

Returns from correspondents are almost uniformly unfavorable as to quantity, the weather having proved generally disastrous. The drought caused an unusually early marketing throughout the cotton area, with an almost total sacrifice of the top crop. The lint, however, is generally clean, so that the quality is exceptionally high. Many reports show crops completely gathered and marketed.

AN ESCAPED CONVICT

Captured and Jailed in Asheville After a Desperate Resistance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., December 10.—John Lyda, an escaped convict from the State penitentiary, was brought to Asheville and jailed last night by Special State Agent J. A Berry and a party of Morganton citizens. Lyda was captured at his home in Henderson county Monday morning. Before surrendering he shot Officer Berry in the left arm, inflicting a wound that may necessitate amputation. He is now in the hospital here. Lyda escaped from the penitentiary about three years ago, and has since been at his home, defying officials and sleeping with a sixteen-shooter Marlin rifle.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 10.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27⅛@27⅜c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 70@1 75.

CHARLESTON, December 10.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 24⅛c; receipts 42 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 25; receipts 192 barrels.

SAVANNAH, December 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25⅛c; sales 812 casks. Rosin dull for pales and firm for others; quotations steady; sales 500 barrels.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS IN THE CONGRESS.

Memorial to Prevent Lynching of Negroes in the South Presented by Hoar—A Resolution on the Armenian Outrages Presented by McCall—Cullom's Speech on the Monroe Doctrine—Resolutions of Impeachment Against Ambassador Bayard Offered in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 10.—Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, Republican, presented a memorial of six clubs of colored men in Massachusetts for legislation to prevent lynching of colored people in the South, or, in case Congress has not the power to enact such legislation, for a constitutional amendment to meet the difficulty. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Peffer of Kansas, Populist, reported a bill for the proper disposal of the remains of deceased Senators and Representatives who die at the capital during the sessions of Congress, and it was placed on the calendar.

Mr. Call offered resolutions declaring that humanity and religion and the principles on which all civilization rests demand that the civilized governments shall by peaceful negotiations, or if necessary by force of arms, prevent and suppress the cruelties and massacres inflicted on the Armenian subjects of Turkey, and shall establish an Armenian government with adequate guarantees. The resolution was laid on the table for the present.

Mr. Cullom of Illinois, Republican, then proceeded to address the Senate on the Monroe doctrine. The delivery of Mr Cullom's speech occupied an hour and a half and at its conclusion his resolution heretofore offered and reported was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Squire introduced a bill relating to the personnel of the navy, and made a few remarks explanatory thereof. He believed the officers should be given positive rank and station and the whole naval service popularized.

At 1 50, on motion of Mr. Cockrell, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Dingley of Maine, Republican, it was agreed that when the House adjourned to-day it be until Thursday.

Mr. Fischer of New York, Republican, asked consideration of a resolution directing the Committee on Naval Affairs, when appointed, to investigate the reports that the battleship Texas is faulty in construction, and into all matters pertaining to her cost, seaworthiness, etc. On objection of Mr. Crisp of Georgia, Democrat, it was referred to the Naval Committee.

Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, Republican, offered the following resolution and asked its immediate consideration:

WHEREAS, Thos. F. Bayard, the Ambassador of the United States to Great Britain, is reported by the London *Times* newspaper to have said in a public speech delivered in Boston, England, on the second day of August, 1895, "the President stood in the midst of a strong, self confident and often times violent people, men who sought to have their own way. It took a real man to govern the people of the United States;" and,

WHEREAS, Said Bayard is further reported by the press of this country to have said in a public speech delivered in Edinburgh, Scotland, on the seventh day of November, 1895, "in my own country I have witnessed the insatiable growth of a form of Socialism, styled Protection, which has done more to corrupt public life, to banish men of independent mind from public councils and to lower the tone of the national representation than any other single cause. Protection now controlling the sovereignty power of taxation, has been perverted from its proper function of creating revenue to support the Government into an engine for selfish profit, allied with combinations called trusts. It has thus sapped the popular conscience by giving corrupting largesse to special classes, and it throws legislation into the political market; and

WHEREAS, It is not one of the functions of an Ambassador to insult in the country to which he is accredited the people he is supposed to represent; and it is consistent neither with the character of the office nor with the dignity and independence of the people of the United States that their Ambassadors abroad should make violent partisan speeches on questions relating to our domestic policy upon foreign soil; therefore be it

Resolved, That the President be and hereby is requested to inform the House of Representatives, if not incompatible with the public interests, what steps, if any, he has taken to ascertain whether said Bayard made said speeches, and if he has ascertained that he did make said speeches, what steps, if any, he has taken to recall or to censure said Bayard.

Mr. Crisp objected to its consideration and it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Barrett of Massachusetts, Republican, offered as a matter of privilege resolutions of impeachment against T. F. Bayard, United States Ambassador to Great Britain.

The resolution, omitting the long preamble, is as follows:

Resolved by the House of Representatives, That the Committee on Foreign Affairs be directed to ascertain whether such statements have been publicly made, and if so, to report to the House such action by impeachment or otherwise as shall be proper in the premises. For the purpose of this inquiry the committee is authorized to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Crisp made a point of order against the resolution that it did not present a question of privilege and quoted a decision rendered in the Forty-eighth Congress to sustain his contention.

Mr. Barrett, in discussing the point of order, pointed out that subsequently in the same Congress the same Speaker had reversed that decision and had held that all propositions for the impeachment of public officers were privileged.

Speaker Reed overruled the point of order made by Mr. Crisp, and Mr. Barrett explained his resolution and severely arraigned Mr. Bayard for his criticism of protection.

Mr. Crisp defended Minister Bayard and reviewed the history of the McKinley and Wilson tariff bills, upholding the latter and condemning the former. He did not think that the gentleman from Massachusetts was serious in his proposition, but thought that he simply wished to air his views on protection, and from the wording of the resolution he credited the gentleman from Massachusetts with being a good protectionist. If the Republicans wanted protection they had a majority in the House and could pass a tariff bill. He doubted, however, if they would do this. They would probably say to the people that they did not have sufficient power, and ask them to wait. He asked them to be honest and pass a bill, and not to say that it was useless on account of the Senate and the President. Regarding the speech of Mr. Bayard, he had no doubt it was a clear and able argument against the doctrine of protection, and he acquitted him of any charge of impropriety. If they (the Republicans) wanted to impeach Mr. Bayard, they must also impeach a majority of the American people. [Democratic applause.]

At the end of a long debate Mr. Crisp's motion to refer the resolution to the Committee on the Judiciary was rejected—yeas 80; nays 206.

Mr. Crisp asked a vote by the yeas and nays and it was taken, resulting yeas 80; nays 207.

The question recurred to the following amendment to the resolution proposed by Mr. Barrett, and it was adopted, viz: "And, whereas, in a public speech delivered at Boston, England, on the second day of August, 1895, the said Bayard is reported by the press of this country to have said: 'The President stands in the midst of a strong, self-confident and often-times violent people, men who desire to have their own way and who need to have that way frequently obstructed, and I tell you plainly, it takes a real man to govern the people of the United States.'"

Mr. Cannon's amendment to strike out the words "by impeachment or otherwise" was agreed to, and the resolution as thus amended was adopted without a division. A number of Democrats were observed to vote yea, and but few nays were heard.

The Speaker stated that by consent the preamble to the resolution would be considered withdrawn.

Speaker Reed announced the appointment of the following committee on accounts:

Mr. Aldrich of Illinois, chairman; Messrs. O'Dell of New York, McCall of Tennessee, Tracey of Missouri, and Long of Kansas—Republicans; Rusk of Maryland, and Price of Louisiana—Democrats.

At 3.35 o'clock the House, on motion of Mr. Dingley of Maine, Republican, adjourned until Thursday.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Senate Committees—Complexion of the Finance Committee Settled—Republicans Concede It to the Silver Men.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Both of the political committees appointed to fill the committees of the Senate held a short session this afternoon, but reached no definite conclusions, although tentative propositions have been submitted. There has been much discussion and Senators begin to understand where they will land. The Democrats will do nothing until the Republicans reach some positive conclusion.

Mr. Gorman this afternoon appointed the remaining three members of his committee by designating Messrs. Murphy of New York, White of California, and Walthall of Mississippi.

The complexion of the Finance Committee has been settled, inasmuch as the Republicans concede it to the silver men. It was a silver committee last year, and consisted of the following Senators: Messrs. Voorhees, chairman; McPherson, Harris, Vest, Jones and White—Democrats; Morrill, Sherman, Jones of Nevada, Allison and Aldrich—Republicans. All of the Democrats were silver men but McPherson, and all of the Republicans anti-silver men but Jones.

The contest for the vacancy caused by the retirement of McPherson is between Wolcott of Colorado and Dubois of Idaho. The chances are favorable to the selection of Wolcott, for the reason that his colleague, Mr. Teller, who is a member of the committee to select committees, is earnest in his behalf, and the Eastern Senators, who see that a silver man must be given the place, have thrown their influences to him. Mr. Dubois appears to be endorsed by the other Western man, but will hardly reach it. He will, however, be given a good chairmanship.

According to the agreement reached by the committee—although it has not been finally determined—the membership of the Finance Committee is to be enlarged from eleven to thirteen, and Mr. Piatt of Connecticut, added for the Republicans, and Mr. Daniel of Virginia, for the Democrats. This will maintain the political division and make no difference in the monetary views of the members.

The Committee on Foreign Relations has been nicely adjusted, none of the Democrats being required to retire owing to the expiration of the term of service of Mr. Butler of South Carolina. This maintains the minority representation intact, Mr. Cameron of Pennsylvania and Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts will go on this committee, and owing to the importance of the position for which he has been selected, Mr. Lodge will get a smaller chairmanship than under other conditions. He will be given the Committee on Immigration.

The Western men have received a concession in the shape of at least two additional chairmanships of important committees dealing entirely with Western matters. Mr. Dubois of Idaho, is slated for Public Lands, and Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota, for Indian Affairs. Mr. Shoup, Mr. Dubois' colleague, will go to Patents, while Mr. Hansbrough of North Dakota, secures a very desirable berth in the shape of the Committee on Library.

Mr. Chandler, who was chairman of the Committee on Immigration, will take the old committee of Mr. Hale, on the Census, and the Maine man, regardless of the fight made by "Young Blood" in the closing hours of the last session, will be given the chairmanship of a very desirable Committee on Printing, the place now held by Mr. Gorman.

The old-time chairmen will not be disturbed and among them are the following: Allison, Appropriations; Aldrich, Rules; Sherman, Foreign Relations; Morrill, Finances; Hoar, Judiciary. Mr. Davis, who is the ranking member on Pacific Railroads and next to Mr. Platt on Territory, will get the latter committee. Mr. Teller of Colorado, who gave up the chairmanship of the Committee on Privileges and Elections when he was placed on Appropriations, will take the chairmanship of the Committee on Claims, held by Mr. Mitchell of Oregon during the last Republican administration of the Senate, and Mr. Mitchell will take Privileges and Elections. Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire gets a place that carries with it a vast amount of labor—the Committee on Pensions. Mr. Hawley, chairman of Military Affairs; Cameron, of Naval Affairs; Squire, of Coast Defences; Frye, of Commerce; McMillan, of the District of Columbia; Cullom, of Interstate Commerce, and Quay, of Public Buildings and Grounds, will doubtless be given their old places. The remainder of the important committees will probably be filled as follows: Agriculture, Proctor of Vermont; Fisheries, Perkins of California; Postoffices and Postroads, Wolcott of Colorado. Although during the last Congress John P. Jones, of Vermont, announced his adherence to the cause of the Populists and abjured his Republican associates with whom he had affiliated for so many years, it is believed that he will not be molested in his claim to the chairmanship of the committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the Senate.

Besides these, which constitute the important committee, there are nineteen other standing and fourteen select committees to which assignments are to be made and chairman selected. Of these, fifteen are by courtesy given to the minority. It is believed the whole matter will be settled before the usual holiday recess is taken.

Near Moulton, Ala., yesterday, the dead and partly decomposed bodies of Henry Williams and wife were found in their home. Williams had crushed his wife's skull with an axe which lay beside the bodies and then shot himself with a pistol which was still clutched in his hands.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SULTAN YIELDS TO THE DEMAND OF THE POWERS.

Extra Guardships Permitted to Enter the Dardanelles—Rumors that Armenians in Constantinople are Preparing for a Demonstration—Italy's War with Abyssinia.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 10.—M Nelidoff, Russian Ambassador to Turkey, has sent a communication to the Sultan informing his Majesty that his diplomatic colleagues had resolved to insist upon the admission of additional guard ships through the Dardanelles. He also appealed to the Sultan in the name of the Czar to take the matter into most serious consideration He said he believed that should the Sultan refuse to grant the necessary permits, the additional ships would be ordered to enter the Hellespont without them, the warships of the foreign squadrons probably supporting them.

MADRID, December 10.—A dispatch from Havana says the steamer Reina Christiana and a number of other transports have arrived there with reinforcements under command of Gens. Marin and Pando.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—Yesterday Said Pasha, formerly Grand Vizier, left the British embassy, where he had taken refuge from real or fancied dangers attending his residence in the palace, in accordance with the desire of the Sultan. Prior to his taking his departure from the embassy he was visited by Hasan Tahsin Effendi one of the officials of the Interior Department, who tendered to him the guarantee of the Sultan that no harm should come to him. A report is being circulated by palace officials that Said Pasha is crazy, and it is also asserted upon the same authority that his brother died insane.

ROME, December 10.—The Government is in receipt of further advices from Gen. Baratieri, commanding the Italian forces in Abyssinia, giving additional details of the surrounding of Major Tosselli and his command by a large body of Abyssinians, resulting in the loss of about 700 of Tosselli's men. The Abyssinians, who were directed in part by Chief Ras Mangasia, Mikael and Ras Makonnen, fought with great vigor and skill for six hours. It is reported that the entire force of the enemy was commanded by a Russian major. The Italians fought with extreme desperation. Fortunately, before the fight was over, Gen. Arimonde arrived upon the field with his command and drove the Abyssinians back, enabling the 800 beleaguered Italians who remained alive to make their escape. Three Abyssinian chiefs and 3,000 of their followers were killed or wounded.

The Government will ask in the Chamber of Deputies to-day for a vote of credit of 5.000.000 lire for the purpose of carrying on the war in Abyssinia. A draft of 1,000 troops will embark for Abyssinia to-day, and 10,000 more will be dispatched within a few days.

PARIS, December 10.—Concerning the rumors in circulation of an alleged campaign to compel the resignation of President Faure, the *Figaro* discloses the secret, with the publicity of which the President has been threatened by his enemies. It appears that President Faure's father-in-law, M. Belluot, left home four months after his marriage, having dissipated all of his fortune, including his wife's dowry, which made him guilty of breach of trust. Belluot's daughter, born after his disappearance, was brought up by an uncle, M. Guignot, When M. Faure wanted to marry the daughter of Bellout, the lady's relatives informed him of what had occurred, whereupon M. Faure declared that he would not allow an innocent person to suffer for what had occurred before her birth, and married her. The *Figaro* says the story furnishes a further motive for respecting and loving the person who has been attacked.

LONDON, December 10.—A dispatch to the *Central News*, from Rome, says that Gen. Baratieri, Governor of Erythrea and commander of the Italian troops, telegraphed this evening that fully 70 000 Abysinians have invaded the Tigre country, and are beseiging Makalale and Antelo. Forty thousand of the enemy are in the vicinity of Adowa. Consequently he has ordered the Italian force at Adowa to fall back to Adigrat, where he has only 6,000 men.

Upon the receipt of the foregoing dispatch the Government ordered that the preparation for sending reinforcements to Gen. Baratieri be pushed forward with the greatest possible dispatch. The work in making ready the sending of additional men to Africa will be carried on night and day. It has been decided that 3,000 troops and two batteries shall depart immediately. Every available transport at the dock yards has been ordered to be put in readiness to convey troops. Some warships will accompany reeinforcements to Massowah, the capital of the Italian colony.

The Government decided this afternoon to postpone until next Saturday its request that the Chamber of Deputies vote a credit of 5,000,000 lire to be expended in carrying on war operations in Abyssinia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—The Sultan has issued an irade permitting the extra guard ships demanded by the Powers to come to Constantinople and thus after many delays and much diplomacy the vexatious question is, it is hoped, finally settled.

It is stated that the losses sustained by the missionaries at Marash by the destruction of their property during the rioting amount to 2,400 pounds Turkish.

The rumor is revived that Armenians here are preparing to make a fresh demonstration in view of what they term the apathy of the Powers in bringing about a cessation of the massacres. It is rumored that several superior military officers, including Ismet Pasha, one of the Sultan's household, and Hassa Djemi Pasha, an aide-de-camp of his Majesty, have fled from the city, it having reached their ears that they were suspected of being connected with the Young Turkey party, which is agitating in favor of a constitutional government.

Reports continue to arrive showing that the pillaging and burning of Armenian villages in Anatolia, and especially in the vilayet of Van, is going on as though the Sultan issued no orders to the authorities to stop it and, despite the official declarations that orders had been restored everywhere excepting at Zeitoun.

The peasants are suffering terribly and their misery is increased by the bitter cold that is now prevailing in that part of the country. Large numbers of them are wandering without food and with scanty clothing on the mountains, seeking to escape from the Kurds who hunt them as though they were wild beasts.

Impartial accounts that have reached here contradict the stories that the Armenians provoked the disorders and declare that the massacres were the result of a skillfully arranged plot to obliterate the Armenians. It is a noteworthy fact that the massacres have chiefly occurred in the villages for which the reform scheme was recently wrung from the Sultan.

A London dispatch says Lord Dunraven will sail from Liverpool for New York to-day on the White Star line steamer Germanic.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effects of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

LABOR LEADERS.

Proceedings of Yesterday's Session of the American Federation—Resolutions Introduced Denouncing Secretary Carlisle and Favoring Free Coinage of Silver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 10.—The second day's session of the American Federation of Labor began in Madison Square Garden assembly rooms this morning. President Jno. McBride presided.

Mrs. Eva McDonal-Valosh addressed the meeting. Her husband and herself, she said, were going to Europe for the purpose of studying labor conditions there. They purposed to take their bicycles, and travel and live among the working people.

Numerous notices of resolutions were read and referred to the committees.

The session was enlivened soon after the proceedings began by the introduction of a resolution denouncing Secretary Carlisle for alleged violation of the eight-hour law in the Treasury Department and requesting President Cleveland to prefer charges against him. It was introduced by E. H. Diehl, of the Pattern Makers' National League. The resolution was adopted and it will be forwarded to the President. The resolution stated that the Secretary knew that the eight-hour law was flagrantly violated in all the departments of the Treasury service; that he has paid no attention to repeated demands to have the law respected, and that his failure to comply with the demands tended to jeopardize the success of the movement in the States.

A number of resolutions were handed in at the afternoon session, among them being one offered by F. A. Kennedy, of Omaha, viz:

"*Resolved*, That we favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without aid or consent of any other nation of earth."

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

Having a Rough Time on His Ducking Expedition Near Hatteras.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, Dec. 10.—President Cleveland and his party have had an exceedingly rough time of it to day and were unable to occupy the blinds provided for them at Cape Channel near Hatteras The Violet is to-night in an exceedingly dangerous position, although no fears are entertained for her safety. All day long a terrific storm has raged about Hatteras, the wind blowing from the north and northwest at the rate of 56 miles an hour. In fact all along the coast it has blown at a velocity of from 50 to 60 miles an hour. To-night the storm is central near Hatteras.

It has been learned to-day that requests have been made of all the Government employes along the coast to make no report to the outside world of the movements of the Presidential party, and the only news obtainable is from masters of incoming vessels. One thing is certain, not a line has passed over the Government coast telegraph line concerning the President or his party.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC.

Southern Freight Rates Association in Session at Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., December 10.—The Southern Freight Rates Association began its annual session in this city tonight. The body is being presided over by Commissioner Haines. Among railroads represented are the New Orleans & Texas Pacific, Southern, Norfolk & Western, Alantic Coast Line, Georgia, Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley, Florida Central, Plant system, Georgia Central, Georgia Southern & Florida and Louisville & Nashville. The Merchants and Miners Transportation and Mallory steamship lines are also represented.

Only preliminary work, such as appointing sub-committees, was done tonight. The question of rates between the South and the West is not before the Association. The main matter to be considered is pro-rates between the several companies on through consignments.

READY FOR WAR.

The Duckworth Club of Cincinnati Resolve to Volunteer in the Event of Trouble With Great Britain.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 10.—Last night at a meeting of the Duckworth Club, the largest Democratic organization in the State, resolutions were presented endorsing President Cleveland in his attitude on the Venezuelan dispute and the Monroe doctrine, and further declaring that the club would stand by him to the last. It was further resolved that if the outcome should be war the Duckworth Club would be the first organization to go to the front. President Cosgrave was authorized upon the severing of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and the United States to telegraph Gov. McKinley, placing the club at his orders as a volunteer regiment.

DRY GOODS MARKET

Some Increase in Demand For Seasonable Cotton Goods.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* in its weekly review of the dry goods market to-day says: The course of the dry goods market during the past week has developed no improvement in business in staple cottons, but with the colder weather prevailing there has been some increase in the supplementary demand for seasonable cotton fabrics whilst business in Spring lines has been of about average extent. Staple cottons show continued irregularity in prices with a tendency to favor buyers. Spring lines of both printed and woven patterned goods are steady in price. The woollen and worsted goods situation is still in an unsettled condition.

ST. LOUIS SELECTED

As the Place for the Republican National Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 10—The Republican National Convention will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on the 10th day of next June. These were two material results of to-day's quadriennial meeting of the Republican National Committee. This ends a contest that has been spiritedly conducted by the four cities of San Francisco, Chicago, Pittsburg and St. Louis. New York was a nominal candidate for the Convention honors, but her representatives did not reach the city until last night, too late to begin active propaganda for the metropolis of the East.

WARM WIRELETS.

Rev. Samuel C. Clopton, D. D., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Fuller Memorial Baptist Church of Baltimore. Dr. Clopton studied at Richmond.

A dispatch from Havana to the Madrid *Correspondencia* says that the movements of the insurgents for the last few days have created great commotion throughout the island of Cuba.

The Democrats carried the municipal election in Charleston, S. C., yesterday, electing J. Adger Smith, mayor, and 19 of the 24 aldermen, and defeating the ticket nominated by the A. P. A.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Christmas Groceries—Just received one of the best assortments of Christmas and Holiday Groceries in the city, which I can sell at Low Prices. Courteous clerks and drivers will wait on you at any hour in the day. Give me a call, and satisfaction is guaranteed. Chas D Jacobs, North Front street, near Mulberry. dec 10 tf

Why not buy where everything is plentiful, and be suited in price and quality, 50 bunches Bananas 3,000 Oranges, 50 barrels New York State Apples, 150 crates N. C Mountain Apples A big lot of Northern Irish Potatoes, Onions, Turnips, &c. Dealers and merchants had better get our prices before they buy. A. S. Winstead & Co., Wholesale Fruit and Produce Commission Merchants. dec 10 D&W tf

Christmas Photographs—Everybody please come and see my new display of Photographs. They are up to date in every respect. New scenery arrived. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 8 tf

Don't go to the high priced stores for your Christmas Candies. I will sell you fine fresh Candy at 20c pound. Also, Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, Cigars, &c., for the holidays. I guarantee all I sell. Best goods at lowest prices Andrew Mavronichols, Manufacturer, 705 North Fourth street. su we dec 7 1m

Turkeys—Both dressed and alive, for sale by Neill McKinnon, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 3 South Water street. c21

The public is invited to inspect the windows of Mr. A. P. Levy, proprietor of the French Cafe, as he has prepared a Thanksgiving Novelty and Treat. All customers are invited to call in and see his display, at 115 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Safes, Safes,

FROM $25 UP. FOR SALE LOW ONE double door combination Marvin Safe, weight 3,500. One Barnes Safe, weight 1,500. Also ten other new Safes of various makes and weights. Write or call on SAM'L BEAR, SR., 12 Market St, Wilmington, N. C. nov 22 tf

Seasonable Goods,

Such as Butter, Cheese, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies, &c., &c., are being received daily.

Our Albion Patent Flour is a trade winner. Call or write for prices.

A small lot of 6 inch Shingles at less than dealers' prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets
nov 12 D&W tf

Christmas Gifts.

3,000 Pounds Candy.
3,000 Pounds Fancy and Plain Candy.
4,000 C. C. Nuts.
75 Boxes Raisins.
1,000 Pounds Mixed Nuts.
200 Boxes Cakes.
150 Boxes Fine Crackers.
100 Bags Shot.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
dec 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C

Turpentine Lands

IN BODIES TO SUIT, ON LINE OF RAILroad in Florida. These lands are owned by an estate that has to be closed by January next, and can be bought at from 50 cents to $1.25 per acre. Titles perfect. If you are looking for a location write to me for maps and full particulars.

ARTHUR T. WILLIAMS,
nov 28 D&W 2w* Jacksonville, Fla.

TheTimes

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3 00 per annum, $1.00 for four months. 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2 00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 9 North Front St.

A STORE FULL OF STYLISH THINGS

In garments, in fabrics, in trimmings. Come when you please. Wander through the Store. Criticise or compliment. You are free to do either, and our salespeople will take pleasure in showing these fashionable goods. Perhaps a price or two may interest, and we add these:

The Eclat.

This garment is all Wool, worth $10.00, this week $6.00. Two hundred new garments have just been opened.

What Corset Do You Wear?

Somebody told you a long time ago that a certain Corset was good. Yes, it was, but there are, perhaps, one or two makes that are better adapted to your figure. With our large stock and skilled corset salespeople, we can give you the Corset that you most need. Will yon let us try?

The W. B. America's leading Corset this week $1.00.

In the Linen Department.

Every day there are one or two things that are worthy of extra attention. To-day it's a lot of Damasks—wide enough and fine enough to suit almost any one. And here's the price asked for them: Worth $1.15, this week 89c yard.

Trimmings.

If you haven't decided about the garniture for that fall gown, let us help you. A well equipped trimming stock is at our right hand.

Evening Silks.

Twenty beautiful fabrics that were picked for evening gowns. No two alike in color or pattern. It is best not to delay with these, for the one you think prettiest may be gone if you come late, 75c to $2.00 a yard.

Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.,

nov 24 tf

THE CHICAGO.

Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

dec 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

No Grass Grows Under OUR FEET.

It Don't

Take long to tell the story why so many hundreds buy that never before bought Suits from us.

We've Revolutionized Prices.

IT was the most courageous stroke of the age; cutting prices in half. One half for the buyer, the other for ourselves, and what is more surprising, the revolution goes on. Actually, to day we're

Selling Suits for $5 & $6

that others are getting $10 and $12. Same story in our best Suits.

Look in our Window and see our new designs in

Percale Shirts.

De Joinville and Four-in-Hand Ties,

GLOVES,

Silk Handkerchiefs,

Collars, Cuffs, &c.

A. DAVID & CO.,

FRONT AND PRINCESS ST.

dec 8

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

STOP IT!

Stop What?

Our Gold and Silver Bicycle, of Course.

TO FACILITATE THE DELIVERY of Parcels (especially Prescriptions) we have inaugurated a "Bicycle Messenger Service," whereby goods desired in a hurry can be delivered without delay to any part of the city.

If you will call up "'Phone 126 or 144" we shall be pleased to send up any article you may wish Again, if you have a prescription to be filled let us know, and we will send for it, prepare and send the medicine to you, thus saving you much time and trouble.

N. B —We do not charge extra for this "Special Service." We want your patronage.

Look Out For Our "GOLD AND SILVER RUNNER"—Stop It—i. e. if you want something sent up.

Yours up to date,

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Prescription Specialist.

Y. M. C. A. Building,
nov 27 tf Wilmington, N. C.

For Sale Cheap, or Lease.

Twenty Crops Pullines Turpentine Boxes.
Nine Crops Virgin Turpentine Boxes.
Two Hundred and Twenty-five Dip Barrels.
Two Stills and Fixtures.
Three Double Wagons.
Eleven Mules and Two Horses.
From which I have made this year 800 barrels spirits.

Located only fifteen miles from Brunswick, Ga., and sixty miles from Savannah. Both good Naval Store Markets, directly on the Southern Railroad. Address me.

DAVIS DUBBERLY,
nov 8 1m Penaick, Ga.